

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2021

#### **OF YUBA COUNTY**

### PLUMAS LAKE, CALIFORNIA

**JUNE 30, 2021** 

### **GOVERNING BOARD**

MEMBER	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
David Villanueva	President	December 2020
Michelle Perrault	Vice President	December 2020
Angela Covil	Member	December 2022
Frankye Doig	Member	December 2022
Derek Bratton	Member	December 2022
	ADMINISTRATION	
Jeff Roberts, Ed. D.		Superintendent
Ajit Kang		Director of Business Services

### **ORGANIZATION**

The Plumas Lake Elementary School District (the "District") is located in the southwest portion of Yuba County (the "County") and includes a portion of the incorporated area of the City of Marysville, and a small portion of the town of Arboga, an adjacent unincorporated territory (no changes noted). The District may have been formed in 1860, and is located approximately 40 miles from downtown Sacramento, and about 85 miles from San Francisco. U.S. Highway 70 passes through the District and is a connector between Sacramento, Yuba and Butte Counties. U.S. Interstate 5, the principal north-south highway connecting the Pacific coastal states, is located approximately 25 miles west of the District. The District currently operates two elementary schools for grades K-5 and one intermediate school for grades 6-8.



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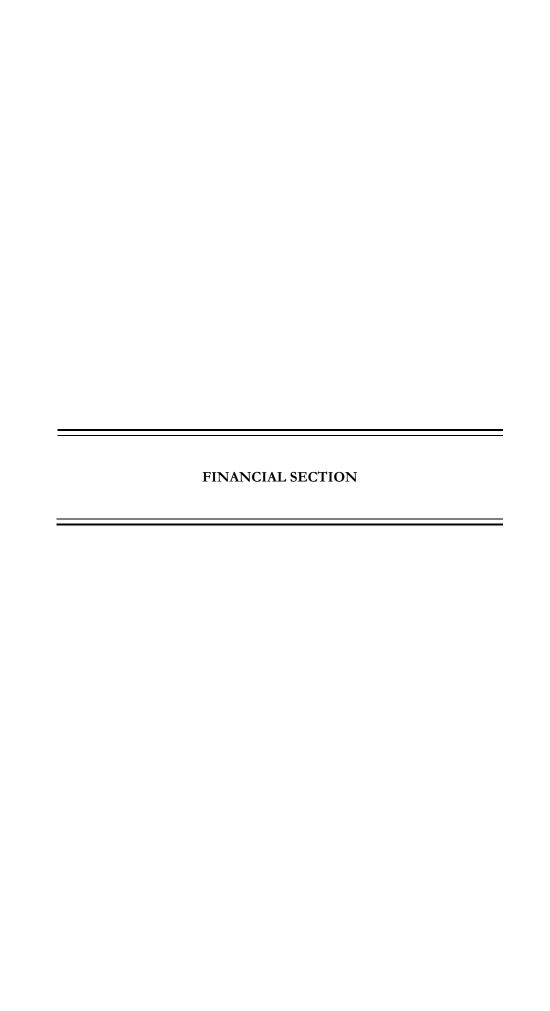
### FINANCIAL SECTION

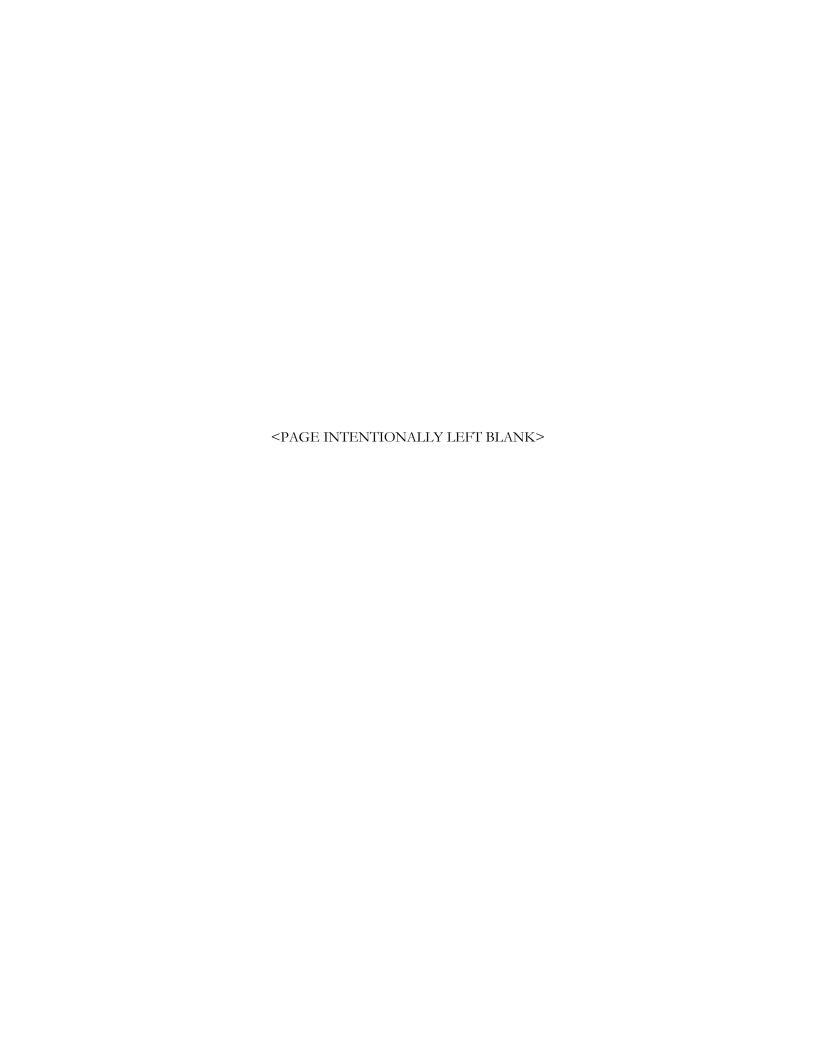
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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Board of Trustees Plumas Lake Elementary School District Plumas Lake, California

#### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Plumas Lake Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Plumas Lake Elementary School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Plumas Lake Elementary School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules, other postemployment benefit schedules on pages 5 through 15 and 59 through 62, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Plumas Lake Elementary School District's basic financial statements. The following schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements:

Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance") requires:

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting requires:

- LEA Organization Structure
- Schedule of Instructional Time
- Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis
- \* Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements
- Schedule of Charter Schools

The previously listed schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the previously listed schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Combining Fund Statements have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 6, 2022 on our consideration of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

January 6, 2022



# Plumas Lake Elementary School District

Each student will reach their fullest potential as we strive for district excellence through sound leadership, effective communication, accountability, and investment in our staff.

- Cobblestone Elementary (K-5)
- Rio Del Oro Elementary (X-5)
- Riverside Meadows Intermediate (6-8)

Dr. Jeff Roberts, Superintendent

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### INTRODUCTION

Our discussion and analysis of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position was \$20.1 million at June 30, 2021. This was an increase of \$1.8 million over the prior net position.
- Overall expenses were \$19.9 million, which was less than revenue of \$21.7 million.
- The total cost of the District's programs was \$16.4 million.
- The general fund reported an increase in fund balance this year of almost \$651,000, which included an increase in one-time revenue as well as State lottery funds and a savings in expenditures:
  - State funding increased by \$422,716 due to one-time funding for Extended Learning Opportunities funding.
  - State Lottery funding increased \$64,865 due to an increase per ADA apportionments.
  - Federal revenue was below budget by \$121,209 due to a decrease in Title I & GEER funds.
  - The District also had a savings of about \$265,085 in expenditures.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### Components of the Financials Section

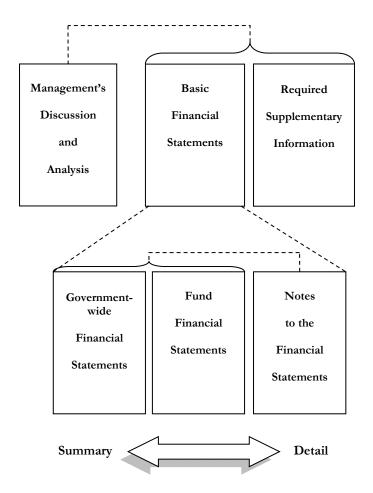
This annual report consists of four parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and supplementary information, which presents federal awards, state required schedules, and combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

Figure A-1
Required Components of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's Annual Financial Report

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial* statements that focus on *individual parts* of the District government, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the government-wide statements.

The governmental funds statements tell how general government services like (public safety, education, and cemetery) were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.



The figure below shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with additional federal and state required information, as well as a detail of the nonmajor funds.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### Major Features of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire District government (except	The activities of the District that are not
	fiduciary funds) and the District's	fiduciary.
	component units	
Required financial statements	<ul> <li>Statement of net position</li> </ul>	❖ Balance sheet
	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and economic	Modified accrual accounting and current
measurement focus	resources focus	financial resources focus
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities, both financial	Only assets expected to be used up and
information	and capital, and short-term and long-	liabilities that come due during the year or
	term	soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the District's financial health, or *position*.

- > Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's roads.

Governmental activities—Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as the instruction, instruction related, student services, general administration, and other school district operations. Property taxes, state aid, and other state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

Governmental funds—All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Position**

The District's net position increased between fiscal years 2020 and 2021—by \$1.8 million. (See Table 1.)

Cash, primary current asset, increased about thirty-two percent. Overall, capital assets have decreased, mostly because the current year depreciation. Deferred outflows of resources have increased and deferred inflows of resources are down as a result pension changes. Long-term debt shows a net increase from pension liabilities and paydown of debt over the prior year.

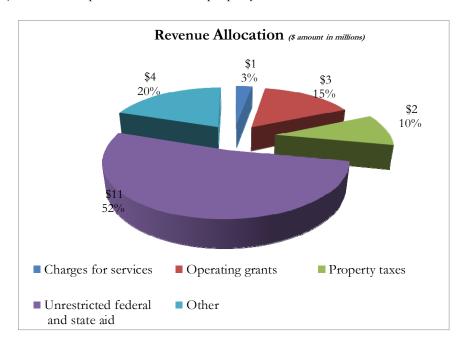
Table 1 - Net Position

(\$ amounts in millions)	_	2021	1110	2020	\$ (	Change	% Change
ASSETS						8-	8-
Current assets	\$	15.5	\$	11.7	\$	3.8	32%
Capital assets, net	"	33.8	"	35.8	"	(2.0)	-6%
Total Assets		49.3		47.5		1.8	4%
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES		5.1		4.3		0.8	19%
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities		1.7		2.4		(0.7)	-29%
Non-current							
liabilities		32.1		30.5		1.6	5%
Total Liabilities		33.8		32.9		0.9	3%
DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES		0.4		0.6		(0.2)	-33%
NET POSITION							
Net investment in							
capital assets		19.5		20.9		(1.4)	-7%
Restricted		7.6		3.7		3.9	105%
Deficit		(7.0)		(6.3)		(0.7)	11%
Total Net Position	\$	20.1	\$	18.3	\$	1.8	10%

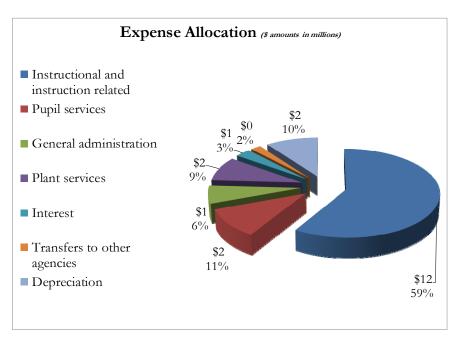
### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### Changes in Net Position

The District's total revenues increased by thirteen percent to \$21.7 million. (See Table 2.) A little over half of the District's revenue comes from state aid, and sixteen cents of every dollar raised comes from some type of grant. (See Revenue Allocation.) Another ten percent comes from property taxes, and the rest is from other local sources.



The District's expenses cover a range of services, with almost 60% related to instruction and instruction related expenses. (See Expense Allocation.)



Excess / (Deficiency)

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position (\$ amounts in millions) 2021 2020 \$ Change % Change **REVENUES** Program revenues \$ 0.6 \$ 2.6 \$ -77% Charges for services (2.0)3.4 1.8 113% Operating grants 1.6 General revenues Property taxes 2.1 1.9 0.2 11% Unrestricted federal and state aid -3% 11.3 11.6 (0.3)Other 4.3 0.8 3.5 437% 21.7 3.2 17% **Total Revenues** 18.5 **EXPENSES** Instructional and instruction related 11.7 10.1 1.6 16% 2.1 0.4 Pupil services 1.7 24% General administration -7% 1.3 1.4 (0.1)Plant services 1.8 0.2 13% 1.6 Interest 0.6 0.6 0%0.1 33% Transfers to other agencies 0.4 0.3 2.0 2.0 0% Depreciation 19.9 2.2 12%Total Expenses 17.7

Revenues increased from the prior year by \$3.2 million. Actual revenues exceeded budge t estimates by about \$1.0 million due to an increase in state revenue (Expanded Learning Opportunities, Lottery,) local revenue, and developer fees.

1.8 \$

0.8 \$

1.0

125%

\$

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the District's four largest programs—instruction and instruction related, student services, plant services—and all others, as well as each program's *net cost* (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 - Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total Cost of Services								
	(\$ amounts in millions)		2021		2020		2021	2020	\$ Change	% Change
Instruction		\$	9.6	\$	8.2	\$	7.9	\$ 7.3	\$ 0.6	8%
Instruction related			2.1		1.9		1.8	1.8	-	0%
Student services			2.1		1.7		0.8	0.5	0.3	60%
Plant services			1.8		1.6		1.8	(0.1)	1.9	-1900%
Other			4.3		4.3		4.1	4.0	0.1	2%
Total		\$	19.9	\$	17.7	\$	16.4	\$ 13.5	\$ 2.9	21%

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

**Fund Financial Statement.** As the District completed the year, its funds reported a *combined* fund balance of \$10.2 million, which was a thirty-seven percent increase over last year. While the District did intentionally spend down some one-time funds in the General Fund, the District also saw a significant increase in LCFF/State Aid and developer fees, other state funds and other local revenue due to an increase in ADA. The District did cut back on one-time spending in the General Fund from the prior year.

Table 4 - Funds' Performance

	G	overnme	nta	l Funds		
(\$ amounts in millions)		2021		2020	\$ Change	% Change
REVENUES						
Local Control Funding Formula	\$	12.3	\$	12.3	\$ -	0%
Categorical		3.5		2.7	0.8	30%
Local		5.8		4.6	1.2	26%
Total Revenues		21.6		19.6	2.0	10%
EXPENDITURES						
Certificated		6.9		6.3	0.6	10%
Classified		2.5		2.2	0.3	14%
Benefits		3.8		4.0	(0.2)	-5%
Books and supplies		1.0		0.8	0.2	25%
Services and other operating expenses		1.4		1.5	(0.1)	-7%
Capital outlay		-		0.6	(0.6)	-100%
Other outgo		1.6		1.5	0.1	7%
Total Expenditures		17.2		16.9	0.3	2%
NET CHANGE IN						
FUND BALANCE	\$	4.4	\$	2.7	\$ 1.7	63%

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School Board revised the District budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories:

- Amendments and supplemental appropriations approved in December (First Interim) to reflect final staffing, carryover in Federal categorical funding and the actual beginning account balances (correcting the estimated amounts in the budget adopted in June 2020).
- Changes made in the Second Interim are to account for the mid-year staffing changes and decrease in operating costs as well as adjustments of revenue in the Cafeteria and Capital Facilities Funds.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were almost \$214 thousand below Second Interim budget amounts. While the District had savings in supplies, and contracted services budget.

On the other hand, resources available for appropriation were about \$1.0 million above the final budgeted amount. As noted earlier:

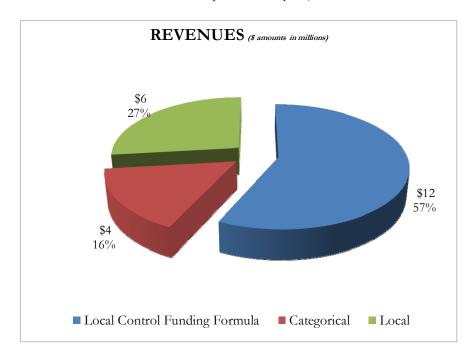
- ❖ District saw a significant increase in Developer impact fees in the Capital Facilities Fund.
- District saw a significant increase in State funds due to the increase in one-time funding and lottery funds.
- ❖ District experienced significant savings in expenditures due to the distance learning/hybrids models offered during the COVID-19 pandemic.

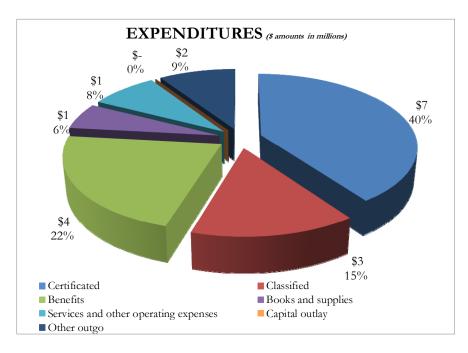
Table 5 - General Fund and Budget Performance

	G	eneral Fu	ınd	Activity	General Fund Budget							
					0/0	Original	Final	0/0				
(\$ amounts in millions)		2021		2020	Difference	Budget	Budget	Difference				
REVENUES												
Local Control Funding Formula	\$	12.1	\$	12.1	0%	\$ 11.2	\$ 12.1	8%				
Categorical		2.8		2.2	27%	0.9	2.6	189%				
Local		1.1		1.2	-8%	1.1	1.1	0%				
Total Revenues		16.0		15.5	3%	13.2	15.8	20%				
EXPENDITURES												
Certificated		7.0		6.4	9%	6.6	6.9	5%				
Classified		2.4		2.0	20%	2.1	2.3	10%				
Benefits		3.7		3.9	-5%	3.0	4.0	33%				
Supplies and services		1.7		1.9	-11%	1.7	1.9	12%				
Other		0.6		1.0	-40%	0.6	0.7	17%				
Total Expenditures		15.4		15.2	1%	14.0	15.8	13%				
NET CHANGE IN												
FUND BALANCE	\$	0.6	\$	0.3	100%	\$ (0.8)	\$ -	100%				

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

The following represents a break out of revenue and expenditures by object code of all of the funds.





# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2021, the District had invested a net of \$33.8 million (net of depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, building improvements, and equipment. (See Table 6.) This amount represents a net decrease of \$2.0 million over last year due to current year depreciation.

Table 6 - District's Capital Assets

Tuble 0 E	1001	ret o cup	 11100000			
(\$ amounts in millions)		2021	2020	\$ Change		% Change
CAPITAL ASSETS						
Land and construction in progress	\$	5.4	\$ 5.4	\$	-	0%
Buildings and equipment		55.8	55.8		-	0%
Accumulated depreciation		(27.4)	(25.4)		(2.0)	8%
Total Capital Assets	\$	33.8	\$ 35.8	\$	(2.0)	-6%

### **Long-Term Liabilities**

At year-end the District had \$32.1 million in pension liabilities, bonds, and notes outstanding, an increase of one percent over last year—as shown in Table 7. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Table 7 - District's Long Term Liabilities

(\$ amounts in millions)	2021	2020	\$ Change	% Change
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Net pension liabilities	\$ 15.7	\$ 13.5	\$ 2.2	16%
Certificates of participation	8.4	8.7	(0.3)	-3%
Capital leases	1.8	1.9	(0.1)	-5%
Lease revenue bonds	4.0	4.2	(0.2)	-5%
Other long-term liabilities	2.8	2.8	-	0%
Less current portion	(0.6)	(0.6)	-	0%
Total Long-term Liabilities	32.1	30.5	1.6	5%

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

- ❖ Due to the COVID-19 Pandemic, the uncertainty of when the State will return to "normal."
- The District has experienced growth in enrollment in recent years, however due to Distance Learning the District has lost students to Home School programs.
- ❖ The District used 2019-20 P2 ADA to project revenue for the budget year; and has been frozen by the California Department of Education.
- ❖ State Teachers' Retirement (STRS) and Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) employer contributions increased in the budget year and will increase in subsequent years as rates increase. The State did provide some relief in one-time funding to school districts, therefore the STRS/PERS rates did not increase as much as initially expected.
- ❖ LCFF is fully implemented therefore the District will only see COLA increases in the near future.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2021-22.

Amounts available for appropriation in the General fund budget are \$15.5 million (not including STRS/PERS On-Behalf), a slight decrease of three percent over the final 2020-21 General fund budget of \$16.0 million. The District received about \$1.2 million in one-time funding in 2020-21 of which \$412 thousand will be budgeted for use in the 2021-22 school year. The District expects to receive additional Federal, and will use the funding in subsequent years to maintain programs put in place due to the pandemic.

Budgeted expenditures are expected to increase about 11 percent to \$17 million. The District had one-time funding and additional expenditures to meet student needs (learning loss, social-emotional needs, safety needs) in 2021-22, which were not in the budget for 2020-21. As the District opens school for on-site instruction there may be a need to adjust the budget for additional staffing and PPE supplies.

### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, participants, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for money it receives. If you have any questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Dr. Jeff Roberts, Superintendent or Ajit Kang, Director of Business Services, 2743 Plumas School Road, Plumas Lake, CA 95961, (530) 743-4428.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(6. 4		ernmental
ASSETS (\$ Amounts in thousands)	A	ctivities
Deposits and investments	\$	14,553
Accrued receivables		843
Prepaid expenses		109
Capital assets, not depreciable		5,411
Capital assets, depreciable, net		28,363
Total Assets		49,279
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		5,054
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF REVENUES	\$	54,333
LIABILITIES		_
Accrued liabilities	\$	683
Unearned revenue		354
Long-term obligations, current portion		643
Long-term obligations, non-current		32,136
Total Liabilities		33,816
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		390
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		19,544
Restricted for		
Capital projects		6,535
Educational programs		1,077
Unrestricted - (Deficit)		(7,029)
Total Net Position		20,127
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND NET POSITION	\$	54,333

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(C. Amo	unts in the	oueande)		Program	Reve	nuec	Revo	Expenses) enues and anges in Position
(\$\psi Z\f\/1/101	anis in inc	nsanas)		Tiogram		perating	1101	1 OSITIOII
			Ch	arges for	-	ants and	Gov	ernmental
Function/Programs	Exp	enses		ervices		tributions		ctivities
Instruction	<u> </u>	9,592	\$	-		1,688	\$	(7,904)
Instruction-related services								,
Instructional supervision and administration		641		-		173		(468)
Instructional library, media, and technology		94		-		2		(92)
School site administration		1,322		-		36		(1,286)
Pupil services								,
Home-to-school transportation		230		-		1		(229)
Food services		775		2		885		112
All other pupil services		1,045		-		362		(683)
General administration								, ,
Centralized data processing		258		-		-		(258)
All other general administration		1,142		13		101		(1,028)
Plant services		1,769		-		11		(1,758)
Ancillary services		14		50		_		36
Interest on long-term debt		552		-		_		(552)
Transfer to other agencies		422		-		158		(264)
Depreciation (unallocated)		2,023		-		-		(2,023)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	19,879	\$	65	\$	3,417		(16,397)
	Gen	eral reve	nues					
	Ta	xes and	subver	ntions				
	P	roperty	taxes,	levied for	gener	al purposes		1,271
	Property taxes, levied for debt service						868	
	Federal and state aid not restricted for							
	specific purposes  Interest and investment earnings  Miscellaneous						11,331	
							124	
							<b>4,61</b> 0	
Subtotal, General Revenue  CHANGE IN NET POSITION  Net Position - Beginning (Restated)						18,204		
						1,807		
						18,320		
	Net	Positio	n - E	nding			\$	20,127

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2021

						ebt Service	
						Fund for Blended	
		Cartal Facilities					
	Ge	General Fund		Capital Facilities Fund		Component Units	
ASSETS		incrair i una		Tulia		Cints	
Deposits and investments	\$	4,614,511	\$	6,409,135	\$	2,685,024	
Accrued receivables		724,331		-		-	
Due from other funds		155,181		244,777		_	
Prepaid expenditures		109,020		_		-	
Total Assets	\$	5,603,043	\$	6,653,912	\$	2,685,024	
LIABILITIES							
Accrued liabilities	\$	475,729	\$	8,854	\$	-	
Due to other funds		147,396		111,440		260,999	
Unearned revenue		354,476		-		-	
Total Liabilities		977,601		120,294		260,999	
FUND BALANCES							
Non-spendable		114,120		-		-	
Spendable							
Restricted		835,561		6,533,618		-	
Committed		410,238		-		2,424,025	
Assigned		203,449		-		-	
Unassigned		3,062,074				-	
Total Fund Balances		4,625,442		6,533,618		2,424,025	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,603,043	\$	6,653,912	\$	2,685,024	

N	on-Major	Total			
Go	vernmental	Governmental			
Funds			Funds		
\$	844,306	\$	14,552,976		
	118,323		842,654		
	147,396		547,354		
	-		109,020		
\$	1,110,025	\$	16,052,004		
\$	6,843	\$	491,426		
	27,519		547,354		
	-		354,476		
	34,362		1,393,256		
	500		114,620		
	242,974		7,612,153		
	832,073		3,666,336		
	116		203,565		
	-		3,062,074		
	1,075,663		14,658,748		
\$	1,110,025	\$	16,052,004		

### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2021

(\$ Amounts in thousands)

### Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 14,659

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

### Capital assets:

In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:

Capital assets \$ 61,193 Accumulated depreciation (27,419) 33,774

### Unamortized discount and refunding result:

In governmental funds, discounts and economic losses on refunding are not recognized in fund financial statements. In the governmental-wide statements, discounts and economic losses are amortized over the life of the debt. Unamortized discounts and economic losses included deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position are:

259

### Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(191)

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

(\$ amounts in thousands)

Long-term	liabilities:
-----------	--------------

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:  In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods.  In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.  Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions  Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions	4,795 (390)
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods.  In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.	4,795
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods.  In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of	
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods.	
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating	
~ 1	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:	
Other long term debt 2,673	(32,779)
Lease revenue bonds payable 4,026	
Capital leases payable 1,849	
Certificates of participation payable 8,355	
Compensated absences 85	
Net OPEB obligation 62	
Net pension liabilities 15,729	
reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:	
statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are	
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the	
Long-term naomites.	

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Carital Facilities	Debt Service Fund for Blended
	General Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Component Units
REVENUES	General Pullu	Tund	Cints
Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") Sources	\$ 12,119,952	\$ -	\$ -
Federal sources	1,065,186	_	_
Other State sources	1,734,248	-	_
Other local sources	1,089,925	3,759,759	891,829
Total Revenues	16,009,311	3,759,759	891,829
EXPENDITURES		2,,	07-30-7
Current			
Instruction	8,951,070	-	-
Instruction-related services			
Instructional supervision and administration	589,420	-	-
Instructional library, media, and technology	88,199	-	-
School site administration	1,220,357	-	-
Pupil services			
Home-to-school transportation	201,741	-	-
Food services	160,267	-	-
All other pupil services	934,441	-	-
General administration			
Centralized data processing	234,327	-	-
All other general administration	886,325	130,526	-
Plant services	1,526,881	3,885	-
Ancillary services	-	-	-
Transfers to other agencies	422,493	-	-
Debt service			
Interest and other	63,936	327,025	154,781
Principal	95,000	330,000	203,000
Total Expenditures	15,374,457	791,436	357,781
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	634,854	2,968,323	534,048
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	16,222	244,777	-
Transfers Out	-	-	(260,999)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	16,222	244,777	(260,999)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	651,076	3,213,100	273,049
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)	3,974,366	3,320,518	2,150,976
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,625,442	\$ 6,533,618	\$ 2,424,025

on-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total evernmental Funds
\$ 147,280 707,725 65,199 31,007	\$	12,267,232 1,772,911 1,799,447 5,772,520
951,211		21,612,110
-		8,951,070
- - -		589,420 88,199 1,220,357
- 567,006 -		201,741 727,273 934,441
27,519 55,415 15,585		234,327 1,044,370 1,586,181 15,585 422,493
 -		545,742 628,000
665,525		17,189,199
285,686		4,422,911
 -		260,999 (260,999)
 -		-
 285,686 789,977		4,422,911 10,235,837
\$ 1,075,663	\$	14,658,748

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(\$ Amounts in thousands)

### Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

4,423

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

### Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Depreciation expense: (2,023)

### Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

628

### Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

8

### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(\$ amounts in thousands)	
Compensated absences:	
In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the	
period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount	
earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences	
earned, was:	(25)
Amortization of debt issue premium or discount or deferred result from debt refunding:	
In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or	
discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it	
is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount, plus any deferred	
gain or loss from debt refunding, is amortized as interest over the life of the debt.	
Amortization of debt issue premium or discount, or deferred gain or loss from debt	
refunding, for the period is:	(15)
Postemployment benefits other than pensions ("OPEB"):	
In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made.	
In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the	
difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:	(1)
Pensions:	
In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In	
the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the	
difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:	(1,188)
Change in net position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,807

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1 - A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Plumas Lake Elementary School District ("District"), also generically known as a Local Educational Agency ("LEA"), was established in 1863, under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K – 8 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates two Kindergarten through fifth grade schools and one middle school.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Plumas Lake Elementary School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

### 1 - B. Blended Component Unit

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component units have a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and thus are included in the financial statements of the District. The component units, although legally separate entities, are reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if they were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component units is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because their purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the District.

The Plumas Lake Elementary School District 2016 Lease Financing Corporation (the "Corporation") is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of California. The Corporation was formed to provide financing assistance to the District for the construction and acquisition of major capital facilities. Upon completion of the subject transactions, the District intends to occupy the Corporation's facilities under a lease, purchase agreement effective through the year 2044. At the end of the lease term, title of the Corporation's property will pass to the District for no additional consideration. The financial activity for the Corporation is presented in the financial statements as the part of the Capital Facilities Fund.

The District has determined that Community Facilities District No. 1 and No. 2 meet the criteria as a component unit and therefore are presented in the Districts general-purpose financial statements. The Community Facilities Districts were established to issue Mello-Roos Bonds as described in Note 8 - B. The District is not aware of any other entity that would exercise such oversight responsibility that would result in the District being considered a component unit of that entity. The Community Facilities District is reported as Funds 49 and 52 and does not issue separate financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### 1 - C. Other Related Entities

**Joint Powers Authority (JPA)**. The District is associated with three JPAs. These organizations do not meet the criteria for inclusion as a component unit of the District. Additional information is presented in Note 12 to the financial statements. These organizations are, Tri-County Schools Insurance Group (TCSIG), North Valley Schools Insurance Group (NVSIG), and Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF).

### 1 - D. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its blended component units. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

### Major Governmental Funds

**General Fund.** This is the chief operating fund for all LEAs. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of an LEA. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Capital Facilities Fund. This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (Education Code §17620–§17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (Government Code §65970–§65981) or private agreements between the LEA and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund (Fund 25) is restricted to that fund (Government Code §66006).

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

**Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units.** This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the LEA under generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 (Government Code §53311 et seq.) allows any county, city, special district, school district, or joint powers authority to establish, upon approval of two-thirds of the voters in the district, a "Community Facilities District" ("CFD") for the purpose of selling tax-exempt bonds to finance public improvements and services.

### Non-Major Governmental Funds

**Special Revenue Funds** are established to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund:

**Student Activity Special Revenue Fund.** This fund is used to account separately for associated student body ("ASB") programs at each of the schools. The ASB itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code* §48930–§48938).

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* §38090–§38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund (Fund 13) shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the LEA's food service program (*Education Code* §38091 and §38100).

**Deferred Maintenance Fund.** This fund is used to account separately for revenues that are restricted or committed for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* §17582).

**Capital Project Funds**. Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects. This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of general fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (Education Code §42840). This fund may also be used to account for any other revenues specifically for capital projects that are not restricted to fund 21, 25, 30, 35, or 49. Other authorized resources that may be deposited to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects (Fund 40) are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (Education Code §17462) and rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit to the fund by the governing board (Education Code §41003).

Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units. This fund is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the LEA under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 (Government Code Section 53311 et seq.) allows any county, city, special district, school district, or joint powers authority to establish, upon approval of two-thirds of the voters in the district, a "Community Facilities District" ("CFD") for the purpose of selling tax-exempt bonds to finance public improvements and services.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### 1 - E. Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide and Fiduciary Financial Statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use.

Governmental Funds. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after year-end. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the District receives cash. Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF"), property taxes, and grant awards are recorded the same as what is described for Government-Wide Statements. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, early retirement and postemployment healthcare benefits and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

**Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions.** The Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") and other state apportionments are government mandated non-exchange transactions and are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been met. When the annual calculation of the LCFF is made and the District's actual tax receipts, as reported by the county auditor, is subtracted the result determines the annual state aid to which the LEA is entitled. If the difference between the calculated annual state aid and the state aid received on the second principal apportionment is positive a receivable is recorded, and if it is negative a payable is recorded.

The District recognizes property tax revenues actually received as reported on California Department of Education ("CDE")'s Principal Apportionment Data Collection Software, used by county offices of education and county auditors to report school district and county taxes. The District makes no accrual for property taxes receivable as of June 30.

The District receives grant awards that are "reimbursement type" or "expenditure driven." The eligibility requirements of these awards have not been met until the LEA has made the required expenditures of the grant within the time period specified by the grantor. Revenue is recognized in the period in which the qualifying expenditures are made. Cash received but unspent at the end of the fiscal period is booked as a liability, and revenue is reduced to the amount that has been expended.

The District also receives funds for which they have fulfilled specific eligibility requirements or have provided a particular service. Once the LEAs have provided these services, they have earned the revenue provided. Any unspent money may be carried to the next year to be expended for the same restricted purposes. Revenue is recognized in the period that the service is provided, and any carryover becomes a part of the LEA's ending fund balance.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

**Unearned Revenue.** Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures. On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

**Interfund Activity.** Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

### 1 - F. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

**Fair Value.** The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

**Acquisition Value.** The price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date, or the amount at which a liability could be liquidated with the counterparty at the acquisition date.

Deposits and Investments. The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. The pool's investments are reported at fair value at June 30, 2021, based on market prices. The individual funds' portions of the pool's fair value are presented as "Cash in County." Earnings on the pooled funds are apportioned and paid or credited to the funds quarterly based on the average daily balance of each participating fund. The District considers the deposits and investments in proprietary funds to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

**Prepaid Items.** Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

Capital Assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$20,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method over the following estimated useful life:

<u>Asset Class</u>	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	31
Site Improvements	20 - 30
Equipment	5 - 10

**Interfund Balances.** On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

**Compensated Absences.** Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion of the liability is not reported separately.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations. All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

**Pensions.** For purposes of measuring the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of both the CA State Teachers Retirement System ("STRS") and CA Public Employee Retirement System Pension Plan ("PERS") and additions to/deductions from the respective fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRS and PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**Premiums and Discounts.** In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as insurance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

**Fund Balance.** Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The portion of fund balance reflecting assets not in spendable form, either because they will never convert to cash (such as prepaid items) or must remain intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements (such as the principal of a permanent endowment).

Restricted - The portion of fund balance representing resources subject to legally enforceable constraints externally imposed either by resource providers (e.g., grantors or creditors) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

Committed – The portion of fund balance representing resources whose use is constrained by limitations self-imposed by the LEA through formal action of its highest level of decision-making authority. The constraints can be modified or removed only through the same process by which they were imposed. The action imposing the constraint must be made by the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined at a later date, prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Assigned – The portion of fund balance representing resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes but for which the constraints do not meet the criteria to be reported as restricted or committed. Intent may be established either by the LEA's highest level of decision-making authority or by a designated body or official. Constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance may be imposed at any time before the financial statements are issued. The constraints may be modified or removed by a process less formal than is required to remove constraints that give rise to committed fund balance. In governmental fund types other than the general fund, this is the residual fund balance classification.

*Unassigned* – In the general fund, residual fund balance in excess of amounts reported in the nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance classifications and net of Reserve for Economic Uncertainties. In all governmental funds including the general fund, the excess of nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance over total fund balance (deficits). Assigned amounts must be reduced or eliminated if a deficit exists.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

**Net Position.** Net Position represents the difference of assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net Position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The District has related debt outstanding as of June 30, 2021. Net Position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The district-wide financial statements report \$7.6 million of restricted net position.

**Estimates.** The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### 1 - G. New Accounting Pronouncement

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB") Statements Nos. 84: Fiduciary Activities and 95: Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. Statement 84 is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. Statement 95 provided temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates Statement 84 by one year. As a result of implementing the two statements, the District restated the Student Activity Special Revenue Fund.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

### 2 - A. Summary of Deposits and Investments

	Governmental
	Activities
Deposits in financial institutions	\$ 40,097
Cash in County	14,356,929
Cash with fiscal agent	155,950
Total	\$ 14,552,976

### 2 - B. Cash Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk. There is a risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District's deposit policy requires that all deposits are covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or are collateralized as required by Statutes of the State. As of June 30, 2021, the bank balances totaled \$40,833. The total bank balances were insured through the FDIC.

### 2 - C. Investments

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations; the Yuba County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code §41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### 2 - D. Policies and Practices

Allowable investment instruments per Government Code §s 16340, 16429.1, 53601, 53601.8, 53635, 53635.2, 53635.8, and 53638.

INVESTMENT TYPE	MAXIMUM MATURITY	MAXIMUM SPECIFIED % OF PORTFOLIO	MINIMUM QUALITY REQUIREMENTS
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
State Obligations— CA And Others	5 years	None	None
CA Local Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	None
Commercial Paper— Pooled Funds	270 days	40% of the agency's money	Highest letter and number rating by an NRSROH Highest letter and number rating
Commercial Paper— Non-Pooled Funds	270 days	25% of the agency's money	by an NRSROH
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	None	None
Placement Service Deposits	5 years	30%	None
Placement Service Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements and	•	20% of the base value of	
Securities Lending Agreements	92 days	the portfolio	None
		_	"A" rating category or its
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	equivalent or better
Mutual Funds And Money Market Mutual			
Funds	N/A	20%	Multiple
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 years	None	None
			"AA" rating category or its
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	equivalent or better R
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pool	N/A	None	Multiple
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Voluntary Investment Program Fund	N/A	None	None
Supranational Obligations	5 years	30%	"AA" rating category or its equivalent or better

### 2 - E. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the county pool. See "Specific Identification" for various maturities of the District's investments.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

## 2 - F. Specific Identification

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuation are provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

					Fair	
	S & P	Maturity			Value	
Investment Type:	Rating	_(Days)_	Reported Value		Level	Fair Value
Cash in county	A - AAA	342	\$	14,356,929	2	\$ 14,345,843
Money market / mutual fund	NR	1		155,950	1	155,950
Total			\$	14,512,879		\$ 14,501,793

Copies of the quarterly investment report, with the exact investment makeup of the District's cash in county pool may be obtained from the Yuba County Treasurer's office.

## NOTE 3 – ACCRUED RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

						Total	
		Governmental				overnmental	
	Gen	eral Fund		Funds	Activities		
Federal Government							
Categorical aid	\$	322,734	\$	109,464	\$	432,198	
State Government							
Categorical aid		284,038		8,748		292,786	
Lottery		91,488		-		91,488	
Other local sources		26,071		111		26,182	
Total	\$	724,331	\$	118,323	\$	842,654	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

## NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

		В	alance			F	Balance
	(\$ Amounts in thousands)	July	01, 2020	Α	dditions	Jun	e 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land		\$	5,411	\$	_	\$	5,411
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements		\$	2,430	\$	-	\$	2,430
Buildings & improvements			51,603		-		51,603
Furniture & equipment			1,749		-		1,749
Total Capit	al Assets Being Depreciated		55,782		-		55,782
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Land improvements			524		161		685
Buildings & improvements			24,125		1,690		25,815
Furniture & equipment			747		172		919
Total	Accumulated Depreciation		25,396		2,023		27,419
Depreciable Capital Assets, net		\$	30,386	\$	(2,023)	\$	28,363
	Total Capital Assets, net	\$	35,797	\$	(2,023)	\$	33,774

## NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

## 5 - A. Interfund Receivables (Due From/Due To)

	Due From Other Funds									
				Capital						
	(	General	F	Facilities	N	on-Major				
Due To Other Funds		Fund	Fund		Govt Funds			Total		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	147,396	\$	147,396		
Capital Facilities Fund		111,440				-		111,440		
Debt Service Fund for Blended										
Component Units		16,222		244,777		-		260,999		
Non-Major Funds		27,519		-		-		27,519		
Total Due From Other Funds	\$	155,181	\$	244,777	\$	147,396	\$	547,354		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

Cafeteria Fund owes the General Fund for indirect costs in the amount of	\$ 27,519
Debt Service for Blended Component Units Fund owes the General Fund for CFD	
administrative fees in the amount of	16,222
General Fund owes the Cafeteria Fund for catering in the amount of	116
General Fund owes the Deferred Maintenance Fund for LCFF deferred maintenance transfer in	147,280
Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units owes the Capital Facilities Fund for debt service	244,777
Capital Facilities Fund owes the General Fund for administrative fees in the amount of	111,440
Total	\$ 547,354

## 5 - B. Operating Transfers

	Interfund Transfers In								
Transfer To Other Funds	Gen	eral Fund	Faci	lities Fund		Total			
Debt Service Fund for									
Blended Component Units	\$	16,222	\$	244,777	\$	260,999			
The Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units tran- administrative costs in the amount of The Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units tran- for debt service in the amount of					\$	16,222 244,777			
Total					\$	260,999			

## NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

							Total				
				Capital Governmental					Governmenta		
	Gen	eral Fund	Fac	cilities Fund		Funds	Di	istrict-Wide		Activities	
Payroll	\$	32,807	\$	-	\$	3,785	\$	-	\$	36,592	
LCFF State aid		104,496		-		-		-		104,496	
Accounts payable		122,455		8,854		3,058		-		134,367	
Insurance and withholdings		192,992		-		-		-		192,992	
Interest payable				-		-		191,000		191,000	
Special education excess cost		22,979		-		-		-		22,979	
Total	\$	475,729	\$	8,854	\$	6,843	\$	191,000	\$	682,426	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

The District periodically will receive grant money prior to making expenditures for that grant. The source of that grant money is listed below by fund. The unearned revenue totals at June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

	Gen	eral Fund
Federal sources	\$	150,504
State categorical sources		203,972
Total	\$	354,476

#### NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

### 8 - A. Long-Term Debt Summary

Balance								Balance	Balar	nce Due
(Amounts in thousands)	July	01, 2020	A	Additions	D	eductions	Ju	ne 30, 2021	In O	ne Year
Mello Roos Special Tax Bonds	\$	4,229	\$	-	\$	203	\$	4,026	\$	207
Certificates of Participation (COPs)		8,685		-		330		8,355		335
Plumas Lake Owners Group		2,673		-		-		2,673		-
Capital Lease		1,944		-		95		1,849		101
Net pension liabilities ("NPL")		13,503		2,226		-		15,729		-
Net OPEB obligations		61		1		-		62		-
Compensated absences		60		25		-		85		
Total	\$	31,155	\$	2,252	\$	628	\$	32,779	\$	643

### 8 - B. Mello Roos Special Tax Bonded Debt

In 2005, the voter of the District's Community Facilities District ("CFD") No. 1 authorized the issuance of \$17,500,000 of Special Tax Bonds. These bonds are payable through Mello Roos special taxes levied in Community Facilities District No. 1, and are not secured by the District's General Fund.

In fiscal year 2005/2006, the first series of bonds, Series 2005 Bonds, were issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$4,900,000 maturing through August 2035, and having interest rates of between 4% to 4.75%. The Series 2005 Bonds were issued to payback a portion of the development of the Rio Del Oro Elementary School to the Plumas Lakes Owners Group.

On or about December 3, 2014 the CFD No. 1 refinanced these special tax bonds with an aggregate principal amount of \$4,009,000. The difference in cash flow requirements between these two issues is a reduction of \$733,656. This resulted in a deferred inflows of resources in the amount of \$6,000 which will be amortized over the life of the bonds.

In 2006, the voter of the District's Community Facilities District No. 2 authorized the issuance of \$100,000,000 of Special Tax Bonds. These bonds are payable through Mello Roos special taxes levied in Community Facilities District No. 2, and are not secured by the District's General Fund.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

In fiscal year 2006/2007, the first series of bonds, Series 2007 Bonds, were issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,275,000 maturing through August 2037, and having an interest rate of 5.625%. The Series 2007 Bonds were issued to finance the construction cost of Cobblestone Elementary School.

On or about December 3, 2014 the CFD No.2 refinanced these special tax bonds. The difference in cash flow requirements between these two issues is a reduction of \$369,231. This resulted in a deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$59,000 which will be amortized over the life of the bonds.

The annual requirements to amortize the Mellos Roos Special Tax bonds payable outstanding as of June 30, 2021, are as follows (\$\\$\ amounts in thousands):

					Bon	ds			Bo	nds
Issue	Maturity	Interest	C	Priginal	Outsta	nding			Outsta	anding
 Date	Date	Rate		Issue	June 30	, 2020	R	edeemed	June 3	0, 2021
2015	2036	3.75%		4,009		3,259		156		3,103
2015	2036	3.75%		1,189		970		47		923
			\$	5,198	\$	4,229	\$	203	\$	4,026

## 8 - C. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - Mello Roos Special Tax Bonds

The bonds mature through 2036 as follows (\$\sqrt{s}\ amounts in thousands):

Community Facilities District (CFD) No. 1 (Refunding)

Year Ending June 30,	Pr	incipal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	160 \$	113 \$	273
2023		164	107	271
2024		173	101	274
2025		177	94	271
2026		185	88	273
2027 - 2031		1,033	327	1,360
2032 - 2036		1,211	117	1,328
Total	\$	3,103 \$	947 \$	4,050

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

Community Facilities District (CFD) No. 2 (Refunding)

	( -	/		
Year Ending June 30,	Pri	incipal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	47 \$	34 \$	81
2023		47	32	79
2024		52	30	82
2025		51	28	79
2026		56	26	82
2027 - 2031		302	98	400
2032 - 2036		368	35	403
Total	\$	923 \$	283 \$	1,206

### 8 - D. Certificates of Participation ("COP"s)

On June 1, 2007, the Plumas Elementary School District entered into an agreement with the Public Property Financing Corporation of California (the Corporation) to issue the 2007 COPs in the amount of \$7,205,000 for the construction of Cobblestone Elementary School. The District entered into an agreement with the Corporation to make base rental payments to the Corporation to service the debt of the COPs.

On or about November 15, 2012 the Corporation refinanced these COPs. The difference in cash flow requirements between these two issues is a reduction of \$1,731,835. This resulted in a deferred outflow of resources of \$129,441 which will be amortized over the life of the bonds. As previously stated, a BAN was refunded into a COP; as well as financing an additional \$850,000. The difference in cash flow requirements between these two issues is an additional \$4,284,917.

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds payable outstanding as of June 30, 2021, are as follows (\$\sigma\$ amounts in thousands):

						Bonds			Bonds	
Issue	Maturity	Interest		Original	Οι	ıtstanding		O	utstanding	
 Date	Date	Rate	Issue		Jui	ne 30, 2020	Redeemed		June 30, 2021	
 2013	2043	3.00% to 4.50%	\$	3,705	\$	3,515	\$ 100	\$	3,415	
2013	2038	3.00% to 4.00%		6,205		5,170	230		4,940	
			\$	9,910	\$	8,685	\$ 330	\$	8,355	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

## 8 - E. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - COPs

The bonds mature through 2043 as follows (\$\sigma\$ amounts in thousands):

	Certificates of Participation 2012 BAN Refunding								
Year Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest Total					
2022	\$	100	\$	142	\$	242			
2023		100		138		238			
2024		105		135		240			
2025		115		130		245			
2026		115		126		241			
2027 - 2031		650		556		1,206			
2032 - 2036		-		406		406			
2037 - 2041		980		216		1,196			
2042 - 2043		1,250		21		1,271			
Total	\$	3,415	\$	1,870	\$	5,285			

In fiscal year 2007/2008, the second series of bonds, Series 2007 Bonds, were issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,525,000 maturing through August 2012, and having an interest rate of 5%. The Series 2007 Bonds were issued to finance a portion of construction costs. However, on or about July 15, 2012, the District refinanced these BANs into Certificates of Participation (COPs) and financed an additional \$850,000 for a land purchase for a future high school site (the District's purchase of land was an agreement with Wheatland Union High School District as a matter of settlement between the two districts regarding some prior collections of excess developer fees). See COP note for additional details.

(\$ amounts in thousands)

	Certificates of Participation 2012 Refunding								
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total					
2022	\$	235	\$ 175	\$ 410					
2023		240	168	408					
2024		245	161	406					
2025		260	153	413					
2026		265	145	410					
2027 - 2031		1,475	577	2,052					
2032 - 2036		-	271	271					
2037 - 2038		2,220	10	2,230					
Total	\$	4,940	\$ 1,660	\$ 6,600					

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### 8 - F. Plumas Lake Owner's Group

The District's development of the Rio Del Oro Elementary School was funded in part by the Plumas Lake Owners Group (PLOG). Upon completion of the school site, the District acquired a liability in the amount of \$7,014,232. The payment terms of the liability are that the District makes payments if there is adequate cash flow in the Capital Facilities Fund from developer fees. This liability is non-interest bearing. The District did not make any payments during the 2020-21 year. The outstanding liability at June 30, 2021 is \$2,673,000.

### 8 - G. Capital Lease

On September 1, 2016, the Plumas Elementary School District entered into a site lease agreement with the Public Property Financing Corporation of California (the Corporation) to fund the District's solar projects. The district is leasing District sites to the Corporation. During the lease, the corporation is providing site improvement which consist of solar panels and any construction needed (in association with the solar panels) at the three school sites. The capital lease has been funded by Clean Renewable Energy Bonds that were issued for \$2,194,000. The bond debt service payments is the same schedule as the capital lease payment schedule.

### 8 - H. <u>Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - Capital Lease</u>

The lease payments through 2034 as follows (\$\sigma\$ amounts in thousands):

Year Ending June 30,	(Amounts in thousands)	Lease Payment		
2022		\$	162	
2023			164	
2024			167	
2025			170	
2026			172	
2027 - 2031			902	
2032 - 2034			573	
	Total	\$	2,310	
	Less: Amount representing interest		461	
	Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,849	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### 8 - I. Pension Liabilities

The District's pension activities between the District and Cal STRS and Cal PERS for the year ended June 30, 2021, resulted in net pension obligations and other related balances as follows:

	Cal	STRS	Ca	al PERS	Total
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	11,132	\$	4,597	\$ 15,729

	(Amounts in thousands)	(	Cal STRS	Cal PERS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources		\$	3,717	\$ 1,078	\$ 4,795
Deferred Inflows of Resources			(294)	(96)	(390)
Net Effect on Net Position	:	\$	3,423	\$ 982	\$ 4,405

See Note 10 for additional information regarding the pension plans and activities.

### 8 - J. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's OPEB for the year ended June 30, 2021, resulted in an OPEB obligation of \$62,000. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the pension plans and activities.

### 8 - K. Compensated Absences

The long-term portion of accumulated unpaid employee vacation for the District at June 30, 2021, amounted to \$85,000. The General Fund would be responsible for the liability.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### NOTE 9- FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

					D	ebt Service				
					fo	or Blended	N	Ion-Major		Total
				Capital	C	omponent	Go	vernmental	Go	vernmental
	Ger	neral Fund	Fa	cilities Fund	τ	Jnit Fund		Funds		Funds
Non-spendable										
Non-restricted										
Reserve for revolving cash	\$	5,100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	500	\$	5,600
Reserve for prepaid exp.		109,020		-		-		-		109,020
Total Nonspendable		114,120		-		-		500		114,620
Spendable										
Restricted										
Educational programs										
Federal		-		-		-		206,729		206,729
State		665,772		-		-		-		665,772
Local		169,789		438,221		-		34,497		642,507
Capital projects for dev.		-		6,095,397		-		1,748		6,097,145
Total Restricted		835,561		6,533,618		-		242,974		7,612,153
Committed										
Deferred maintenance		-		-		-		832,073		832,073
COP / CFD debt service		410,238		-		2,424,025		-		2,834,263
Total Committed		410,238		-		2,424,025		832,073		3,666,336
Assigned										
Lottery		203,449		-		-		-		203,449
Capital projects		-		=		-		116		116
Total Assigned		203,449		-		-		116		203,565
Unassigned										
Reserve for econ. uncertainties	5	883,156		-		-		-		883,156
Unassigned		2,178,918		-		-		-		2,178,918
Total Unassigned		3,062,074		-		-		-		3,062,074
Total	\$	4,625,442	\$	6,533,618	\$	2,424,025	\$	1,075,663	\$	14,658,748

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than two months of general fund operating expenditures, or four percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSIONS

### 10 - A. California State Teachers' Retirement System ("CalSTRS")

**Plan Description.** CalSTRS administers a hybrid retirement system consisting of a defined benefit plan, two defined contribution plans, a postemployment benefit plan, and a fund used to account for ancillary activities associated with various deferred compensation plans and programs:

- ❖ State Teachers' Retirement Plan ("STRP")
- ❖ CalSTRS Pension 2
  - o 403(b) plan
  - o 457(b) plan
- ❖ Medicare Premium Payment ("MPP") Program
- ❖ Teachers' Deferred Compensation Fund ("TDCF")

CalSTRS provides pension benefits, including disability and survivor benefits, to California full-time and part-time public school teachers from pre-kindergarten through community college and certain other employees of the public school system. The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code § 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature, established these plans and CalSTRS as the administrator. The terms of the plans may be amended through legislation.

The STRP is a multiple employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit ("DB") Program, Defined Benefit Supplement ("DBS") Program, Cash Balance Benefit ("CBB") Program and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP. CalSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.calstrs.com/comprehensive-annual-financial-report">https://www.calstrs.com/comprehensive-annual-financial-report</a>.

### Benefits Provided. The STRP DB Program has two benefit formulas:

- ❖ CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS
- ❖ CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS

The 2% refers to the percentage of your final compensation that you'll receive as a retirement benefit for every year of service credit, also known as the age factor. Other differences between the two benefit structures are final compensation, age factors, normal retirement age, creditable compensation cap and contribution rate. In addition, 2% at 62 members aren't eligible for benefit enhancements, the Reduced Benefit Election or the CalSTRS Replacement Benefits Program.

### Member's Contribution Rates:

Effective Date	2% at 60 Members	2 % at 62 Members
July 1, 2016	10.25%	10.205%

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

## **Employer's Contribution Rates:**

		Increase per		
Effective date	Pre-AB 1469 rate	funding plan	SB 90 and AB 84 impact <sup>1</sup>	Total
July 1, 2020	8.250%	10.850%	(2.950%)	16.150%
July 1, 2021	8.250%	2	(2.180%)	2
July 1, 2022 –			·	
June 30, 2046	8.250%	2	N/A	2
July 1, 2046	8.250%	Increase	from AB 1469 rate ends in 2046-	<b>-4</b> 7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pursuant to SB 90 and AB 84, the fiscal year 2018–19 state contribution of approximately \$2.2 billion made in advance on behalf of employers will be used to pay the contributions required by employers for the 2019–20, 2020–21 and 2021–22 fiscal years, such that employers will remit 1.030%, 2.950% and 2.180% less, respectively, than is required by the CalSTRS Funding Plan.

#### **State's Contribution Rates:**

Effective date	Base rate	AB 1469 increase for 1990 benefit structure	SBMA funding <sup>1</sup>	Total
July 1, 2020 July 1, 2021 –	2.017%	5.811%	2.500%	10.328%²
June 30, 2046	2.017%	4	2.500%	4
July 1, 2046	2.017%	5	2.500%	5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The SBMA contribution rate excludes the \$72 million that is reduced from the required contribution in accordance with Education Code §22954.

Contributions to the pension plan from the District was \$1,052,832 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CalSTRS

The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The components of the net pension liability (NPL) of the STRP for participating employers and the state (nonemployer contributing entity), are as follows (\$\setminus\$ in millions):

Total Pension Liability	\$343,893
Less: STRP Fiduciary Net Position	246,984
NPL of Employers and the State of California	\$ 96,909
STRP Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability	71.8%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The CalSTRS Funding Plan authorizes the board to adjust the employer contribution rate up or down by up to 1% each year, but no higher than 20.250% total and no lower than 8.250%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This rate does not include the impacts of supplemental state contributions pursuant to SB 90.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In May 2020, the board exercised its limited authority to increase the state contribution rate by 0.5% of the creditable compensation effective July 1, 2020. However, pursuant to AB 84, the state suspended the board's rate setting authority of state contributions for fiscal year 2020–21, thereby negating the board's rate increase of 0.5%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The board has limited authority to adjust state contribution rates annually through June 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation associated with the 1990 benefit structure. The board cannot increase the rate by more than 0.5% in a fiscal year, and if there is no unfunded actuarial obligation, the contribution rate imposed to pay for the 1990 benefit structure would be reduced to 0%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> From July 1, 2046, and thereafter, the rates in effect prior to July 1, 2014, are reinstated, if necessary, to address any remaining 1990 unfunded actuarial obligation.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows (\$\mathscr{S}\$ Amounts in thousands):

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		11,132
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		3,787
Total	\$	14,919

At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was as follows:

	Jun. 30, 2020	Jun. 30, 2019	Difference
Net Pension Liability Allocation Basis	0.0001149	0.0001057	0.0000092

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,665,000 and revenue of \$650,000 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Γ	eferred	D	eferred
	Ou	tflows of	Int	flows of
(\$ Amounts in thousands)	Re	esources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	294
Changes of assumptions		1,086		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		264		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,314		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,053		
Total	\$	3,717	\$	294

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	(\$ Amounts in thousands)		
Year Ending June 30,			
2022	\$	1,558	\$ 82
2023		696	61
2024		779	41
2025		370	48
2026		178	46
<u>2027 - 2028</u>		136	16
Total	\$	3,717	\$ 294

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. Significant actuarial methods and assumptions used in the financial reporting actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020, include:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019

Experience Study July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Investment Rate of Return 37.10%Consumer Price Inflation2.75%Wage Growth3.50%

Post-retirement Benefit Increases 2% simple for DB (annually) Maintain 85% purchasing power level for

DB Not applicable for DBS/CBB

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%, which was unchanged from prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers are made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases as disclosed in Note 1. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expenses occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term investment rate of return assumption was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS investment staff and investment consultants as inputs to the process.

The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return <sup>1</sup>
Public Equity	42.0%	4.8%
Real Estate	15.0%	3.6%
Private Equity	13.0%	6.3%
Fixed Income	12.0%	1.3%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10.0%	1.8%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	3.3%
Cash/Liquidity	2.0%	(0.4%)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. Presented below is the net pension liability of employer using the current discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Inc			6 Increase		
(\$ Amounts in thousands)		(6.10%)		(7.10%)		(8.10%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	16,822	\$	11,132	\$	6,438

**Pension plan fiduciary net position**. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

### 10 - B. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS")

Plan Description. The Schools Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Plan or PERF B) is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS or the System). Plan membership consists of nonteaching and noncertified employees of public schools (K-12), community college districts, offices of education, charter and private schools (elective) in the State of California. The Plan excludes school safety members who participate either in the agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan or the public agency cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS, depending on the number of active members.

The Plan was established to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to nonteaching and noncertified employees in schools. The benefit provisions for Plan employees are established by statute. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/cafr-2020.pdf">https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/cafr-2020.pdf</a>.

**Benefits Provided.** The Service Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation.

- ❖ The *benefit factor* for classic members comes from the 2% at 55 benefit factor table. PEPRA members hired on or after January 1, 2013 are subject to the 2% at 62 benefit factor table.
- The years of service is the amount credited by CalPERS to a member while he or she is employed in this group (or for other periods that are recognized under the employer's contract with CalPERS). For a member who has earned service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit from each employer is calculated separately according to each employer's contract, and then added together for the total allowance. Any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement will be converted to credited service at the rate of 0.004 years of service for each day of sick leave.
- The *final compensation* is the monthly average of the member's highest 12 consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay (no matter which CalPERS employer paid this compensation). For new PEPRA members hired after January 1, 2013 final compensation is based on the monthly average of the member's highest 36 consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay. PEPRA members have a cap on the annual salary that can be used to calculate final compensation for all new members based on the Social Security Contribution and Benefit Base.
- The employees in this plan may or may not be covered by Social Security. For employees with service prior to January 1, 2001 covered by Social Security, the final compensation is offset by \$133.33 (or by one-third if, the final compensation is less than \$400). For PEPRA members, the final compensation is not offset.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

**Contributions.** CalPERS required employer contributions to be 20.700% of payroll. The report also reported an employee contribution rate of 7.0% for classic and PEPRA. Contributions to the pension plan from the District was \$507,072 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the State of California appropriated and contributed funds to the Plan in the amount of \$904,000,000. This contribution is not considered a special funding situation and the amount of this contribution associated with each participating employer are reported in the Schedule of Employer Allocations. The total amount contributed by the State of California was on behalf of the employers determined based on a pro-rata share of the total required contributions.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer allocation percentages presented in the CalPERS Schedule of Employer Allocations and Collective Pension Amounts and applied to amounts presented in the Schedule of Collective Pension Amounts by Employer are based on the ratio of each employer's contribution to the Plan's total employer contributions during the measurement period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020. The components of the employers' collective net pension liability related to the Plan as of June 30, 2020 (\$\seta\$ in millions):

Total pension liability	\$102,290
Less:	
Plan fiduciary net position	71,607
Net Pension Liability of Employers	\$ 30,683

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$4,597,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was as follows:

	Jun. 30, 2020	Jun. 30, 2019	Difference
Net Pension Liability Allocation Basis	0.0001498	0.0001359	0.0000139

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,084,000. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of		D	eferred
				Inf	lows of
	(\$ Amounts in thousands)	Res	ources	Res	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$	228	\$	-
Changes of assumptions			17		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments			-		96
Changes in proportion and differences between District					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions			326		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date			507		-
Total		\$	1,078	\$	96

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	(\$ Amounts in thousands)		
Year Ending June 30,			
2022	\$	792	\$ (36)
2023		155	32
2024		119	56
2025		12	44
Total	\$	1,078	\$ 96

### Actuarial Methods, Assumptions, and Discount Rate Information

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2020 measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020.

The collective total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

Investment rate of return

7.15%
Inflation

Salary increases

Mortality Rate Table 1

Derived using CalPERS membership data for all funds
Post-Retirement Benefit Increase

2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter

**Long-term Expected Rate of Return.** The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

	Assumed Asset	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class 1	Allocation	<b>Years 1 – 10</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>Years 11+</b> <sup>3</sup>
Global equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	-	(0.92%)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF B was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.

The following presents the collective net pension liability calculated using a discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the collective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

			Current		
	1% Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1%	√o Increase
(\$ Amounts in thousands)	(6.15%)		(7.15%)		(8.15%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,608	\$	4,597	\$	2,927

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

### NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (Cal STRS)

**Plan Description.** CalSTRS administers a postemployment benefit plan Medicare Premium Payment ("MPP") Program. The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan ("OPEB") established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund ("THBF").

**Benefits Provided.** The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the STRP DB Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An expected inflation rate of 2.00% used for this period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> An expected inflation rate of 2.92% used for this period.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

Contributions. The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly contributions, by Districts in the retirement system. In accordance with California *Education Code* §25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program. Total contributions directed to the MPP Program for year 2019-20 was \$27.7 million. The MPP Program contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2020, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the California State Treasurer.

## OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB.

The total OPEB liability for the MPP Program as of June 30, 2020, was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2020. The components of the net OPEB liability of the MPP Program for participating employers as of June 30, 2020, are as follows (§ in millions):

Total OPEB liability	\$421
Less: MPP Program fiduciary net position	(3)
Net OPEB liability of employers	\$424
MPP Program fiduciary net position as a % of the total OPEB liability	(0.71%)

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$62,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The District's proportion was as follows:

	Jun. 30, 2020	Jun. 30, 2019	Difference
Net OPEB Liability Allocation Basis	0.0001741	0.0001633	0.0000108

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,000.

### Actuarial Methods, Assumptions, and Discount Rate Information

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. The total OPEB liability for the MPP Program as of June 30, 2020, was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2020. Significant actuarial methods and assumptions used in the financial reporting actuarial valuation to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020, include:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Experience Study	July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	2.21%
Medicare Part A Premium Costs Trend Rate <sup>1</sup>	4.5%
Medicare Part B Premium Costs Trend Rate <sup>1</sup>	5.4%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The assumed increases in the Medicare Part A and Part B Cost Trend Rates vary by year; however, the increases are approximately equivalent to a 4.5% and 5.4% increase each year for Medicare Part A and Part B, respectively.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

**Discount Rate.** The MPP Program used the Bond Buyer's 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2020, as the discount rate, which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate as of June 30, 2020, was 2.21%, which is a decrease of 1.29% from 3.50% as of June 30, 2019.

**Medicare costs trend rate.** The June 30, 2019, valuation uses the 2020 Medicare Part A and Part B premiums as the basis for future premium calculations. Future premiums are assumed to increase with a medical trend rate that varies by year, as shown in the following table:

	Assumed Ani	nuai increase	
Years <sup>1</sup>	Part A	Part B	
2019 – 2028	4.3%	5.5%	
2029 - 2038	5.0%	5.1%	
2039 - 2048	4.9%	4.5%	
2019 & Later	4.3%	4.4%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Trend rates indicate medical inflation in the specific year and, therefore, affect the premiums for the following years. For example, the projected 2020 premium is the 2019 premium increased by the assumed 2019 trend rate.

The Part A trend is approximately equivalent to assuming a fixed 4.5% increase each year. The Part B trend is approximately equivalent to assuming a fixed 5.4% increase each year.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rates. Presented below is the net OPEB liability of employers using the current discount rate as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

			M	edicare Costs		
	1% Decrea	se	,	Trend Rate	1	% Increase
(\$ Amounts in thousands)	(3.50%)			(4.50%)		(5.50%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	55	\$	62	\$	70

**Medicare Costs Trend Rates.** Presented below is the net OPEB liability of employers using the current Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are 1% lower and 1% higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease Discour		Discount Rate	1	% Increase
(\$ Amounts in thousands)	(1.21%)		(2.21%)		(3.21%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 7	70	62	\$	56

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, but there are effectively NO assets in the trust that

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of two joint powers authorities ("JPAs"). The first is the Tri-County Schools Insurance Group ("TCSIG") to provide health, dental, vision, and life insurance, to the District's certificated and classified employees. Additionally, TCSIG provides property and liability insurance up to \$5,000,000 and provides workers' compensation insurance. The second is the School Excess Liability Fund ("SELF") to provide liability and property insurance in excess of \$5,000,000. The relationships are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these financial statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District made payments of \$1,588,844 (Health, Dental, Vision), \$150,203 (Workers' Comp), \$5,626 and \$90,822 to SELF and TCSIG, respectively.

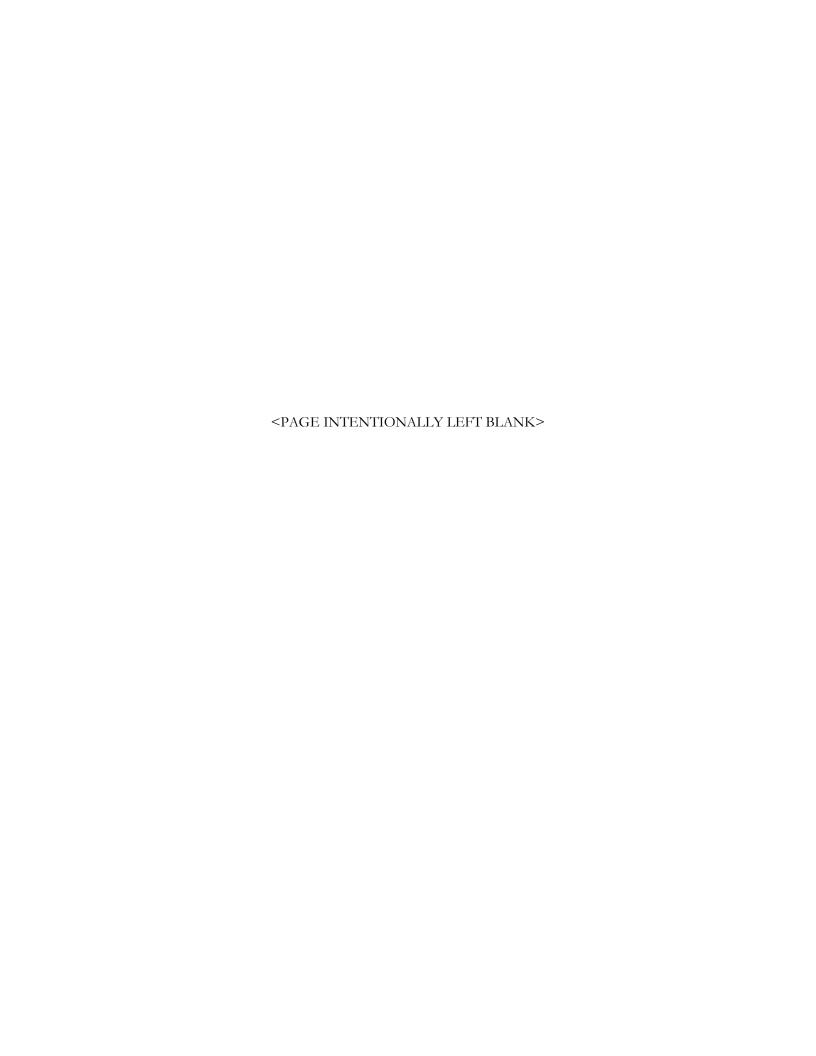
### NOTE 13 - RESTATEMENT

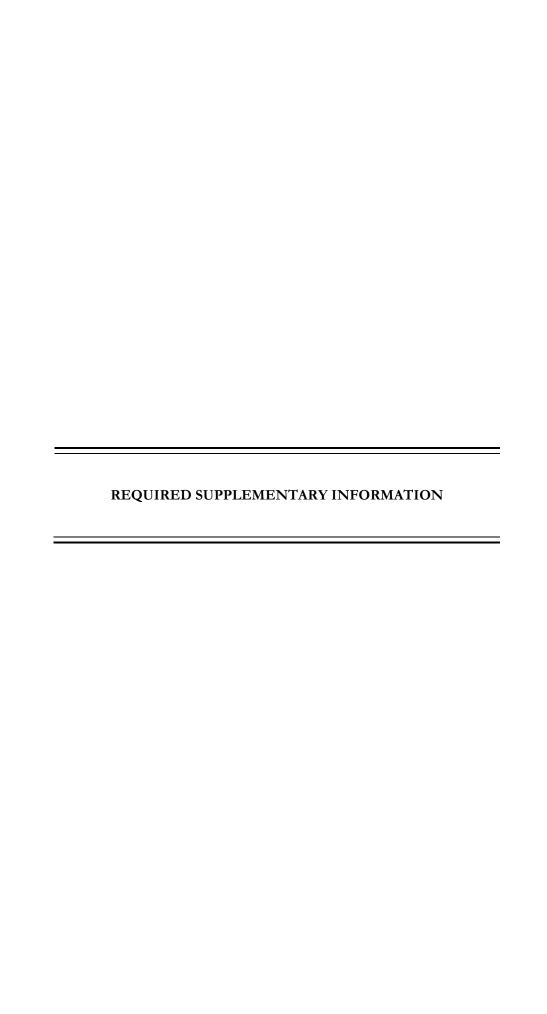
As a result of implementing the new GASB statements, the District restated the following:

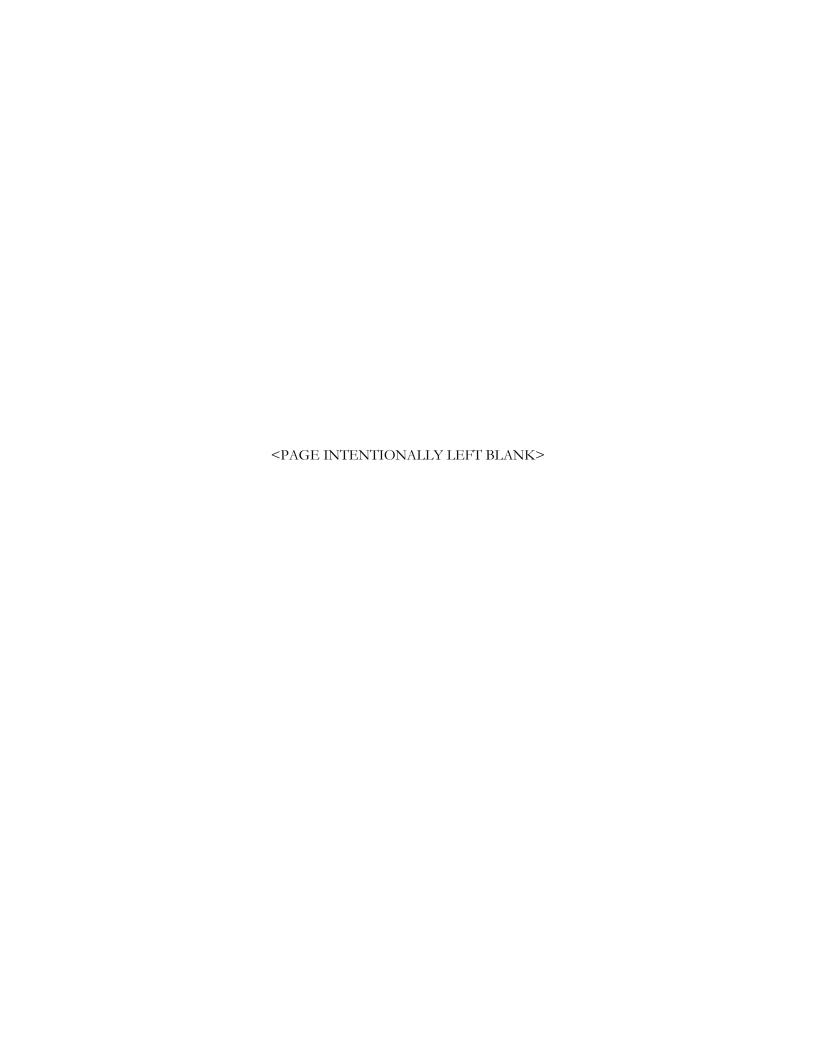
	ent Activity ial Revenue
	 Fund
Fund Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ -
Increase in:	
Cash	34,803
Restated Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 34,803

### *NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS*

In July 2021, the Plumas Lake Elementary School District entered into a lease agreement as lessor with a farm as lessee. Lessee shall pay the District rental for the Initial Term in the amount of \$5,000 on August 1, 2021, and on first day of each Extension Term (November 1) for which the Lessee has exercised an option. The Lessee shall have the option to extend the Term for nine (9) successive periods of one (1) year each (each one-year extension is referred to as an "Extension Term").







# GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts		P	ariances - ositive / legative)
							Final to
		Original	F	inal	Actual		Actual
REVENUES							
Local Control Funding Formula							
("LCFF") Sources							
State aid	\$ 1	0,264,118	\$ 11,	108,477	\$ 10,996,677	\$	(111,800)
Local sources		1,034,344	1,	151,677	1,270,555		118,878
Transfers		(140,379)	(1	156,339)	(147,280)		9,059
Federal sources		412,773	1,	186,395	1,065,186		(121,209)
Other State sources		460,727	1,	462,639	1,734,248		271,609
Other local sources		1,132,452	1,0	060,918	1,089,925		29,007
Total Revenues	1	3,164,035	15,	813,767	16,009,311		195,544
EXPENDITURES							_
Certificated salaries		6,649,181	6,8	859,930	6,999,083		(139,153)
Classified salaries		2,134,937	2,	290,247	2,368,618		(78,371)
Employee benefits		2,969,150	3,9	969,088	3,727,648		241,440
Books and supplies		461,664	(	560,298	586,271		74,027
Services and other operating expenditures		1,210,776	1,	196,851	1,138,927		57,924
Other outgo							
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		642,731	(	583,059	581,429		101,630
Transfers of indirect costs		(30,534)		(25,597)	(27,519)		1,922
Total Expenditures	1	4,037,905	15,	533,876	15,374,457		259,419
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(873,870)		179,891	634,854		454,963
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In		24,000		24,000	16,222		(7,778)
Transfers Out		(20,904)		-	-		
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		3,096		24,000	16,222		(7,778)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(870,774)	,	203,891	651,076		447,185
Fund Balance - Beginning		3,974,366	3,9	974,366	3,974,366		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	3,103,592	\$ 4,	178,257	\$ 4,625,442	\$	447,185

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Cal STRS (\$ Amounts in thousands)	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.011%	0.011%	0.010%	0.010%	0.009%	0.009%	0.009%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 11,132	\$ 9,543	\$ 9,413	\$ 9,217	\$ 7,672	\$ 6,336	\$ 5,100
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)							
associated with the District	3,787	3,369	3,427	3,424	2,783	2,192	1,955
Total	\$ 14,919	\$ 12,912	\$ 12,840	\$ 12,641	\$ 10,455	\$ 8,528	\$ 7,055
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,131	\$ 5,823	\$ 5,358	\$ 4,758	\$ 4,387	\$ 3,913	\$ 3,744
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)							
as a percentage of its covered payroll	182%	164%	176%	194%	175%	162%	136%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72%	73%	71%	70%	74%	77%	76%
Cal PERS (\$ Amounts in thousands)	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.015%	0.014%	0.014%	0.013%	0.013%	0.013%	0.013%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ <b>4,</b> 597	\$ 3,960	\$ 3,672	\$ 3,112	\$ 2,547	\$ 1,946	\$ 1,484
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,157	\$ 1,881	\$ 1,817	\$ 1,661	\$ 1,536	\$ 1,462	\$ 1,374
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)							
as a percentage of its covered payroll	213%	211%	202%	187%	166%	133%	108%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	70%	71%	72%	74%	79%	83%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

# SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Cal STRS	(\$ Amounts in thousands)	2021		2020		2019		2018	2017		2016	2015
Contractually required contribution		\$ 1,053	\$	1,048	\$	948	\$	773	\$ 672	\$	511	\$ 390
Contributions in relation to the contri	ractually											
required contribution		(1,053)		(1,048)		(948)		(773)	(672)		(511)	(390)
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _
District's covered payroll		\$ 6,519	\$	6,131	\$	5,823	\$	5,358	\$ 5,341	\$	4,758	\$ <b>4,</b> 387
Contributions as a percentage of cov	vered payroll	16%		17%		16%		14%	13%		11%	9%
Cal PERS	(\$ Amounts in thousands)	2021		2020		2019		2018	2017		2016	2015
Contractually required contribution		\$ 507	\$	425	\$	340	\$	282	\$ 231	\$	182	\$ 172
Contributions in relation to the contribution	ractually required	(507)		(425)		(340)		(282)	(231)		(182)	(172)
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
District's covered payroll		\$ 2,450	\$	2,157	\$	1,881	\$	1,817	\$ 1,661	\$	1,536	\$ 1,462
Contributions as a percentage of cov	vered payroll	 21%	"	20%	"	18%	.,	16%	 14%	.,	12%	 12%

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

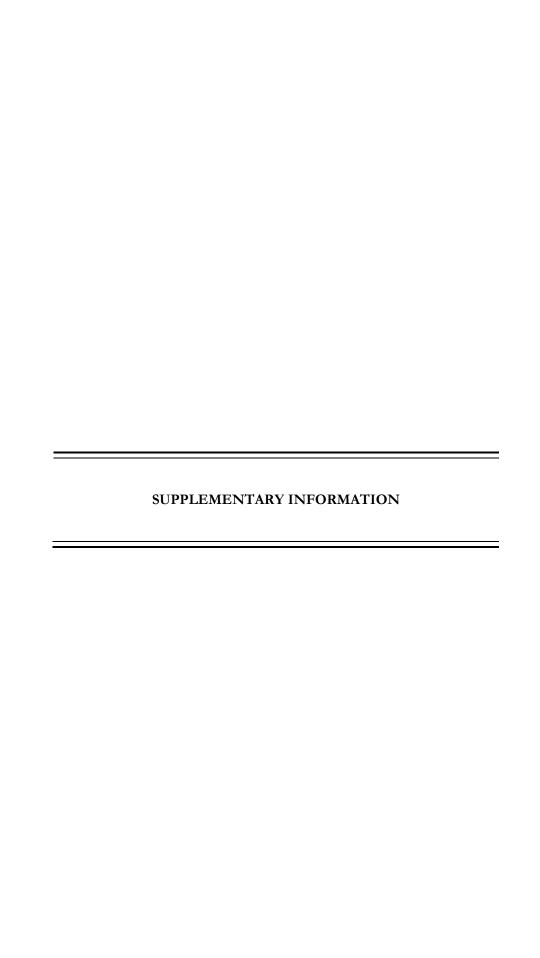
	 2021	2020	2019	2018
District's Proportion of the collective				
net OPEB liability	\$ 62,000 \$	61,000	\$ 60,000 \$	66,000
District's proportionate share of the collective				
net OPEB liability	0.017%	0.016%	0.016%	0.016%
Covered Payroll <sup>1</sup>	\$ - \$	- 5	- \$	-
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered				
payroll	0%	0%	0%	0%

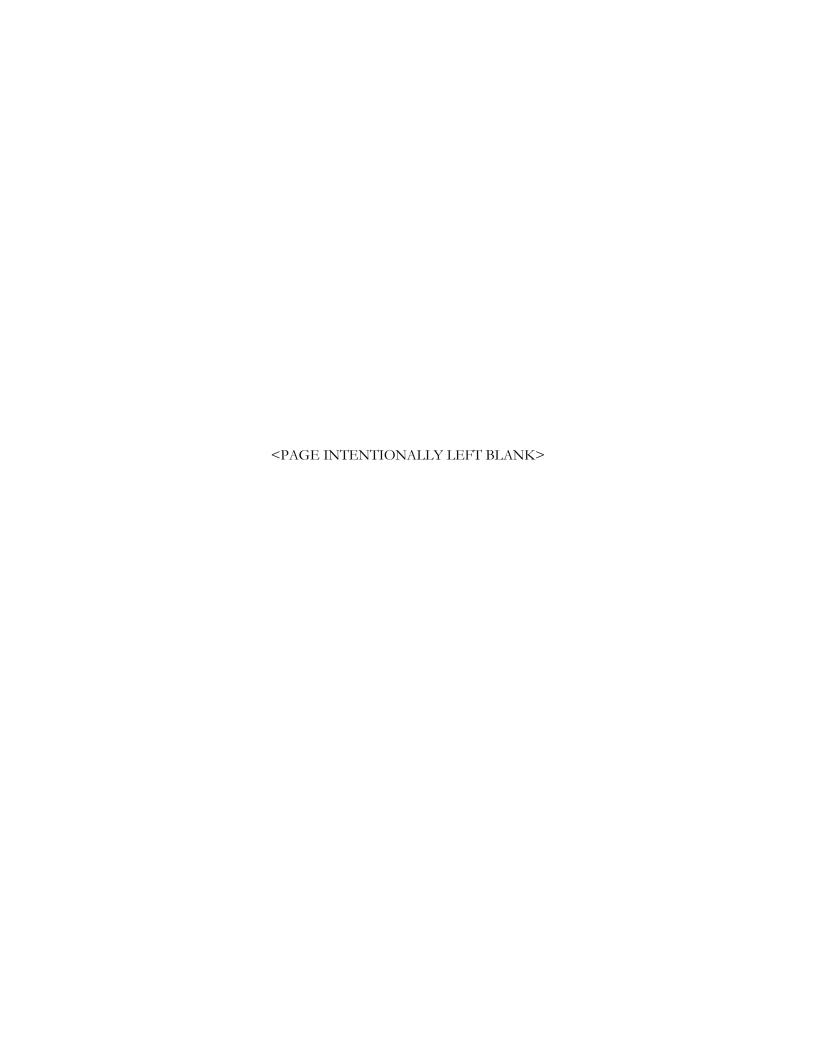
The District makes no contributions to the plan. Rather, CalSTRS siphons benefit payments from all the school districts' regular pension contributions.

District Has No Material Assets Accumulated in a Trust to Pay Related Benefits

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Defined as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based, but for CalSTRS OPEB there are no contributions based on payroll





# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Pass- Through	
		Entity	
	$\mathbf{AL}$	Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	Number	Number	Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed through California Department of Education ("CDE"):			
Every Student Suceeds Act ("ESSA"):			
Title I, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 59,162
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	23,044
Title III, Limited English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	2,411
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	15396	10,000
Special Ed: IDEA			
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	255,787
Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	11,239
Mental Health Allocation Plan	84.027A	15197	15,552
Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	119
Total Special Ed: IDEA			282,697
Federal Impact Aid (ESEA, Title VIII)	84.041	10015	19,615
Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security ("CARES") Act:			
Learning Loss Mitigation	84.425C	15517	7,185
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	15536	100,874
COVID CARES Act Supplemental Meal Reimbursement	84.425	15535	39,305
Total CARES			147,364
Total U. S. Department of Education			544,293

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Pass- Through	
		Entity	
	AL	Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	Number	Number	Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			
Passed through CDE:			
Coronavirus Relief Fund ("CRF"): Learning Loss Mitigation [1]	21.019	25516	\$ 535,688
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through CDE:			
Child Nutrition: School Programs			
NSL Sec 4	10.555	13523	37,128
NSL Sec 11	10.555	13524	294,503
School Breakfast Basic	10.553	13525	13,354
School Breakfast Needy	10.553	13526	139,662
Total National School Lunch & Basic Breakfast Programs			484,647
Commodities	10.565	NA	13,314
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			497,961
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Medi-Cal Passed through CDE:			
Billing Option	93.778	10013	7,645
Administrative Activities (MAA)	93.778	10060	16,865
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services			24,510
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 1,602,452

No amount provided to subrecipients

[1] - Major Program

# SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Number of			
	Instructional	Form J-13A	<b>Total Days</b>	
Grade Level	Days Offered	Approval	Offered	Status
Kindergarten	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 1	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 2	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 3	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 4	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 5	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 6	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 7	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 8	180	-	180	Complied

# SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	20	22 (Budget)	2021		2020	2019
GENERAL FUND:						
Revenues	\$	15,543,021	\$ 16,009,311	\$	15,476,884	\$ 14,092,532
Transfers in		24,500	16,222		15,862	12,662
	Total	15,567,521	16,025,533		15,492,746	14,105,194
Expenditures		17,071,119	15,374,457		15,261,459	13,562,555
Other uses and transfers out		-	-		6,658	39,880
	Total	17,071,119	15,374,457		15,268,117	13,602,435
INCREASE/(DECREASE)						
IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(1,503,598)	\$ 651,076	\$	224,629	\$ 502,759
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	3,121,844	\$ 4,625,442	\$	3,974,366	\$ 3,749,737
AVAILABLE RESERVES <sup>1</sup>	\$	1,024,267	\$ 3,062,074	\$	3,099,410	\$ 2,140,015
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A PERCENTAGE OF OUTGO		6%	20%		20%	16%
LONG-TERM DEBT		N/A	\$ 32,779,000	\$	31,155,407	\$ 31,329,407
AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE AT P-2		1,323	1,323		1,323	1,284

The General Fund balance has increased by \$875,705 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2021-22 budget projects a decrease of \$1,503,589 (thirty-three percent). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred an operating surplus in all of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2021-22 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$1,449,593 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by thirty-nine ADA over the past two years. No change in ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2021-22.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund

# RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

No adjustments.

# SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

There are no charter schools sponsored by the District.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NON-MAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

										Capital		
	S	tudent						Special		Project		
	A	ctivity					Re	eserve for	F	Fund for		
	S	pecial			1	Deferred		Capital	I	Blended		
	R	evenue	C	afeteria		Maint.		Outlay	Co	mponent	N	on-Major
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Units	G	ov. Funds
ASSETS												
Deposits and												
investments	\$	34,497	\$	123,152	\$	684,793	\$	1,748	\$	116	\$	844,306
Accrued receivables		-		118,323		-		-		-		118,323
Due from other funds		-		116		147,280		-		-		147,396
Total Assets	\$	34,497	\$	241,591	\$	832,073	\$	1,748	\$	116	\$	1,110,025
LIABILITIES												
Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	6,843	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,843
Due to other funds		-		27,519		-		-		-		27,519
Total Liabilities		-		34,362		=		-		-		34,362
FUND BALANCES												
Non-spendable		-		500		-		-		-		500
Spendable												
Restricted		34,497		206,729		-		1,748		-		242,974
Committed		-		-		832,073		-		-		832,073
Assigned		-		-		-		-		116		116
Total Fund Balances		34,497		207,229		832,073		1,748		116		1,075,663
Total Liabilities												
and Fund Balances	\$	34,497	\$	241,591	\$	832,073	\$	1,748	\$	116	\$	1,110,025

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NON-MAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

								(	Capital		
	Student						Special	]	Project		
	Activity					R	eserve for	F	fund for		
	Special			1	Deferred		Capital	E	Blended		
	Revenue	C	afeteria		Maint.	Outlay		Co	mponent	N	on-Major
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Units	Go	v. Funds
REVENUES											
Local Control Funding											
Formula ("LCFF") Sources											
Transfers	-	\$	-	\$	147,280	\$	-	\$	-	\$	147,280
Federal sources	-		707,725		-		-		-		707,725
Other State sources	-		65,199		-		-		-		65,199
Other local sources	15,279		8,018		7,688		21		1		31,007
Total Revenues	15,279		780,942		154,968		21		1		951,211
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
Pupil services											
Food services	-		567,006		-		-		-		567,006
General administration											
All other general admin	-		27,519		-		-		-		27,519
Plant services	-		-		55,415		-		-		55,415
Ancillary services	15,585		-		-		-		-		15,585
Total Expenditures	15,585		594,525		55,415		-		-		665,525
NET CHANGE IN											
FUND BALANCE	(306)	)	186,417		99,553		21		1		285,686
Fund Balance -											
Beginning (Restated)	34,803		20,812		732,520		1,727		115		789,977
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 34,497	\$	207,229	\$	832,073	\$	1,748	\$	116	\$	1,075,663

# NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*, as applicable.

There are no balances of loan or loan guarantee programs ("loans") outstanding at the end of the audit period. The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

#### Schedule of Instructional Time

Displaying, for school districts, including basic aid districts, data that show whether the district complied with article 8 (commencing with §46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*; showing by grade level:

- 1) For all districts, the number of instructional days offered during the year audited on the traditional calendar and on any multitrack year-round calendars; and whether the district complied with the instructional day's provisions.
- 2) For charter schools, data that show whether the charter school complied with *Education Code* §47612 the number of instructional days offered during the year audited on the traditional calendar and on any multitrack calendars; and whether the charter school complied with the instructional days provisions.
- 3) For school districts and charter schools that received a Form J-13A approval, list the actual days in the instructional days offered columns, add columns that list the credited days per the approved Form J-13A and the total days offered, adding the actual offering to the amount of days credited per the approved Form J-13A. Include a footnote stating that the school district or charter school received an approved J-13A identifying the number of days approved.

#### Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

Displaying information regarding the auditee's financial position and going concern status, in the form of actual financial and attendance figures for at least the most recent three-year period (ending with the audit year), plus the current year's budget, for the following items: general fund financial activity, including total revenue, expenditures, and other sources and uses; general fund balance; available reserve balances (funds designated for economic uncertainty, and any other remaining undesignated fund balance) within the general fund or special reserve fund; available reserve balances expressed as a percentage of total general fund outgo (expenditures, transfers out, and other uses), including a comparison to the applicable state-recommended available reserve percentage; total long-term debt; and elementary and secondary second principal ADA; and, when the auditee's percentage of available reserves to total general fund outgo is below the state-recommended percentage, management's plans for increasing the auditee's available reserve percentage.

# NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, Continued JUNE 30, 2021

### Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

Displays the differences between the ending fund balance(s) from the audited financial statements and the unaudited ending fund balance(s) from the annual financial and budget report for each fund in which a variance occurred.

### **Schedule of Charter Schools**

Listing of all charter schools chartered by the school district or county office of education. For each charter school, include the charter school number and indicate whether or not the charter school is included in the school district or county office of education audit.

#### Combining Statements - Non-Major Governmental Funds

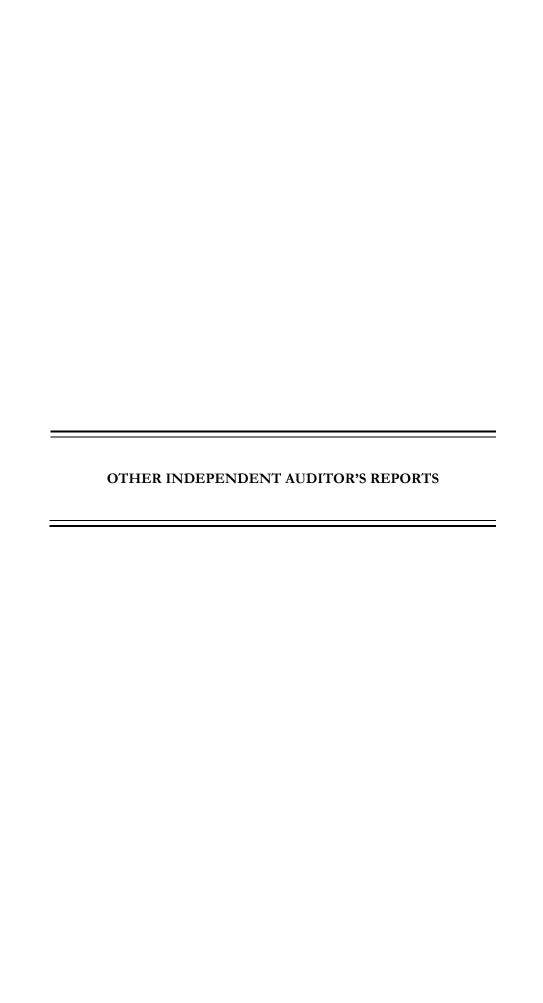
The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

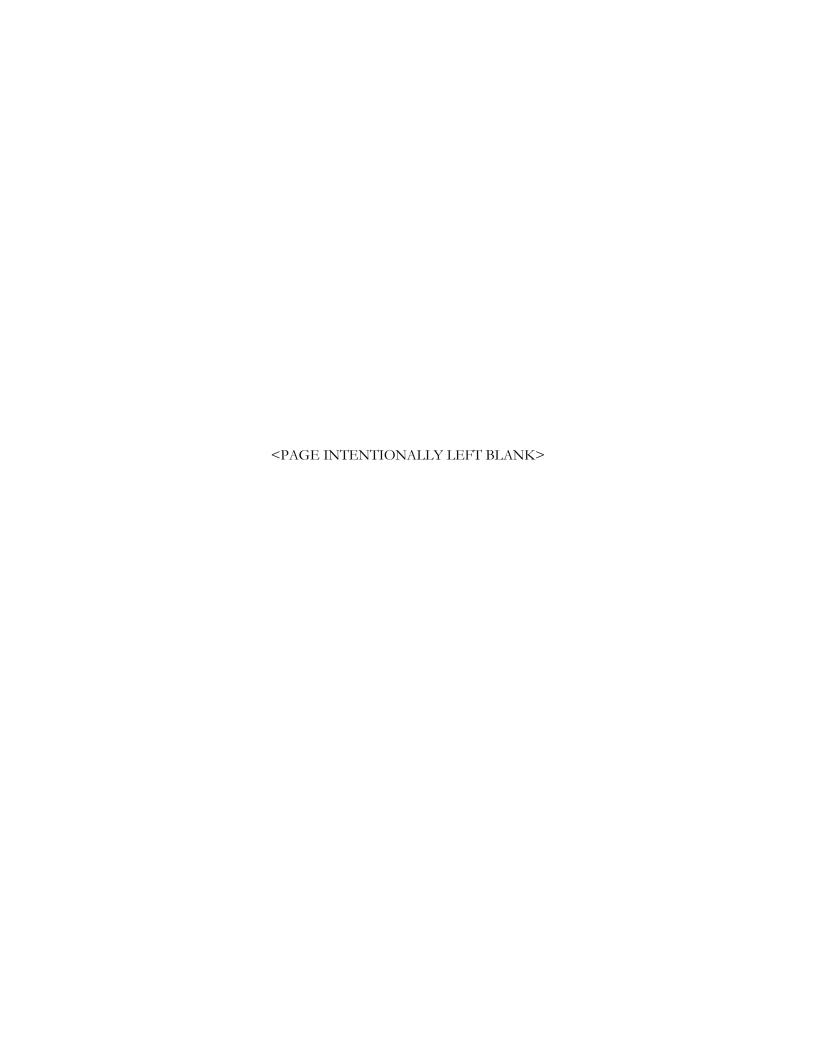
#### Local Education Agency Organization Structure

LEA Organization Structure, setting forth the following information, at a minimum:

- 1) The date on which the LEA was established, and for charter schools the date and granting authority of each charter;
- 2) The date and a general description of any change during the year audited in a school district's boundaries;
- 3) The numbers by type of schools in the LEA;
- 4) The names, titles, terms, and term expiration dates of all members of the governing board; and
- 5) The names, with their titles, of the superintendent, chief business official, and deputy/associate/assistant superintendents.

This schedule is located in the front of the report.







# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Plumas Lake Elementary School District Plumas Lake, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Plumas Lake Elementary School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Plumas Lake Elementary School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2022.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Plumas Lake Elementary School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 6, 2022





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Plumas Lake Elementary School District Plumas Lake, California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Plumas Lake Elementary School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Plumas Lake Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.



## Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Plumas Lake Elementary School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control over compliance.

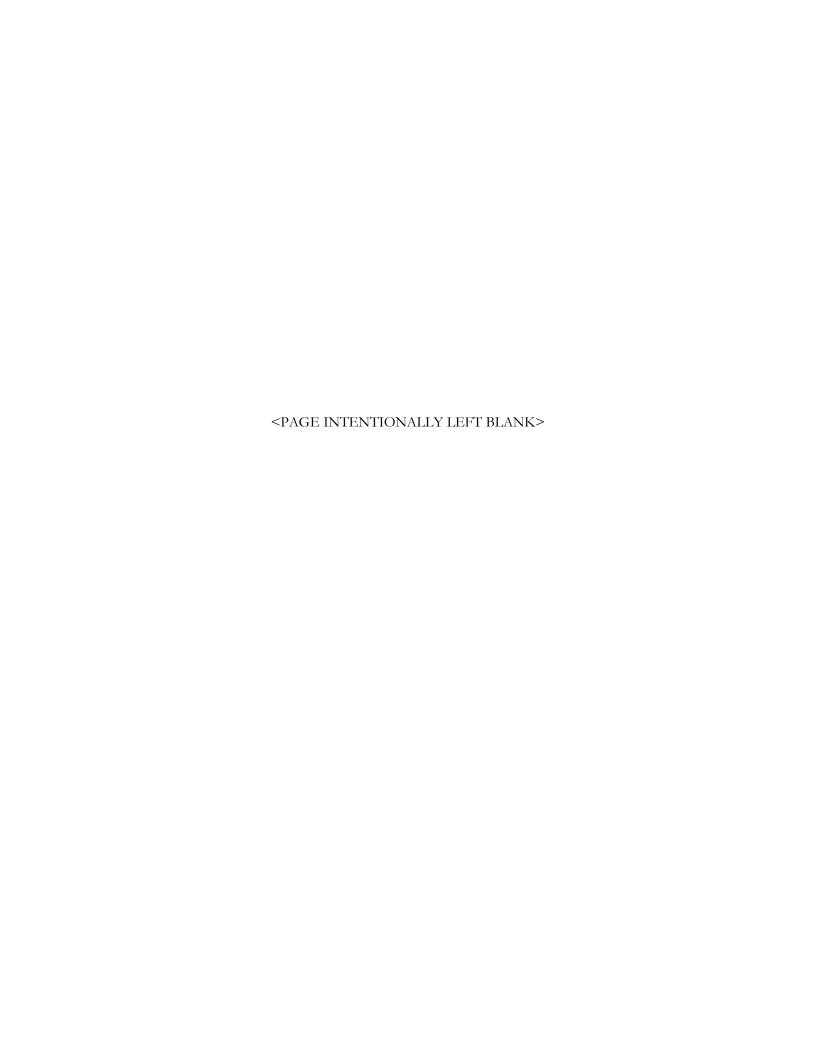
A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 6, 2022

My Dennis Occountency





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees Plumas Lake Elementary School District Plumas Lake, California

#### REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

We have audited Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with the 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting ("the State Audit Guide"), applicable to Plumas Lake Elementary School District's state compliance requirements as listed on the next page for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Management's Responsibility

Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's management.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance based on our state compliance audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Audit Guide, prescribed by the *California Code of Regulation*, Title 5 §19810, et seq. Those standards and require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on referred to previously occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, Plumas Lake Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the compliance requirements listed on the next page for the year ended June 30, 2021.



In connection with the audit referred to on the previous page, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

PRO GRA	AM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
	lucation Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
A.	Attendance and Distance Learning	Yes
В.	Teacher Certification And Misassignments	Yes
C.	Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
F.	Instructional Time	Yes
G.	Instructional Materials	Yes
Н.	Ratio Of Administrative Employees To Teachers	Yes
I.	Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
J.	Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
K.	Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
L.	School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Ο.	K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Q.	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
R.	Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
S.	District of Choice	Not Applicable
School D	istricts, County Offices Of Education, And Charter Schools	
T.	California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Not Applicable
V.	Proper Expenditure Of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
W.	Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Charter S	chools	Not Applicable <sup>1</sup>

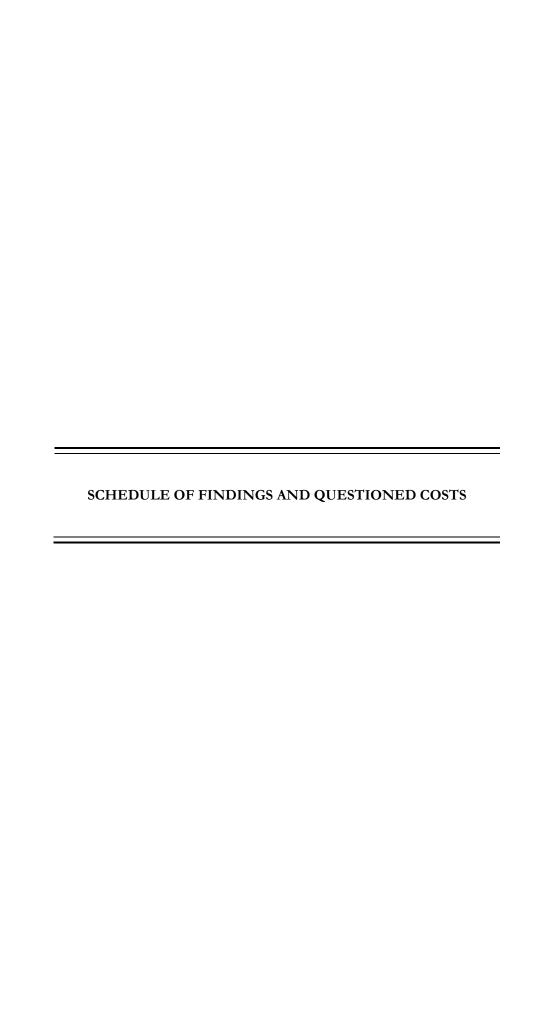
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> No charter schools.

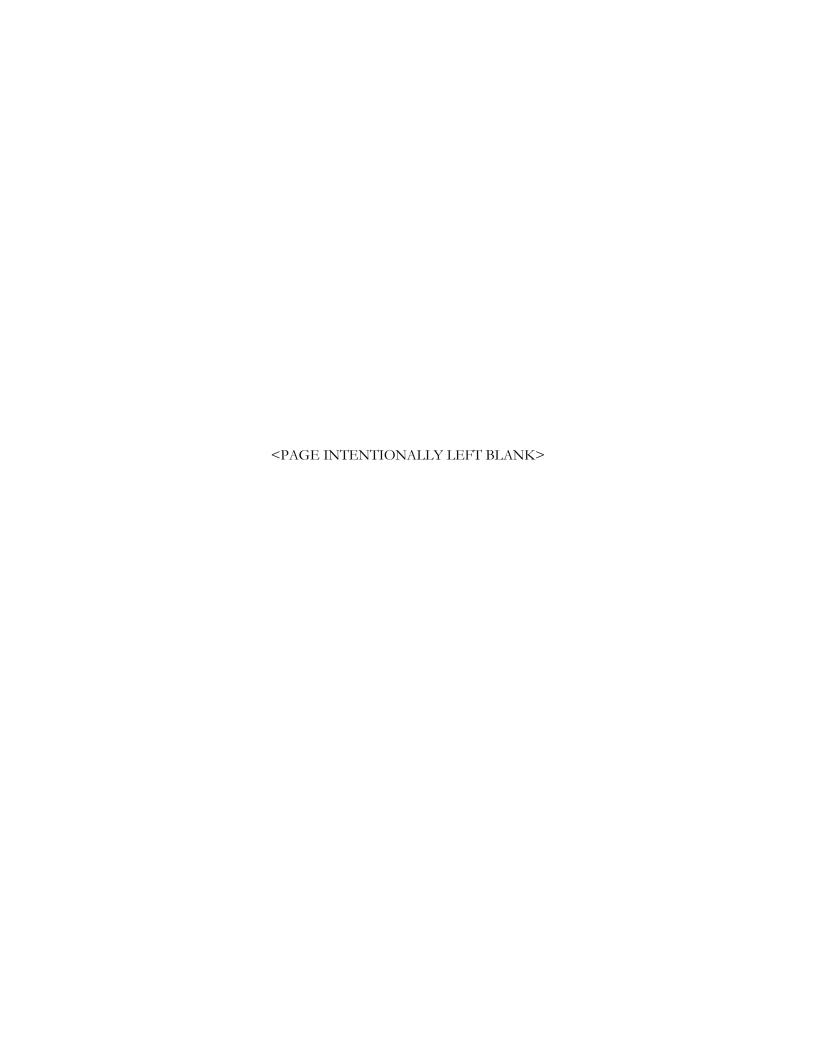
## Purpose of this Report

My Dennis Occountency

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the State Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 6, 2022





# SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS	
Internal control over major program:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	
with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major programs:	
Assistance Listing Number Name of Federal Program of Clu	<u>ıster</u>
21.019 Learning Loss Mitigation	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No
STATE AWARDS	
Internal control over State programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for State programs:	Unmodified

# FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

There were no Financial Statement Findings noted this year.

# FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

There were no Federal Award Findings noted this year.

# STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

There were no State Award Findings noted this year.

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

No Prior Year Findings Were Noted.

